## NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

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To the Board of Education Naples Central School District Naples, New York

## **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Naples Central School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Naples Central School District, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Other Matters**

## Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1 and Note 9 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2018, the Naples Central School District adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

## Required Supplementary Information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedule - general fund on pages 3 through 11 and 43, and schedule of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and related ratios on page 44, schedule of District's OPEB contributions on page 45, schedule of District's proportionate share of the net pension assets/liabilities on page 46, and schedule of employer's contribution for pensions on page 47, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Naples Central School District basic financial statements. The other supplementary information listed on the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 4, 2018, on our consideration of the Naples Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of law, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Naples Central School District's internal controls over financial reporting or on compliance. The report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Naples Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

EFPR Group, CPAS, PLLC

EFPR Group, CPAs, PLLC Rochester, New York October 4, 2018 The following is a discussion and analysis of the Naples Central School District's (the "District") financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This section is a summary of the District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions or conditions. It is also based on both the district-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Total district-wide general revenues, excluding charges for service and operating grants for the 2017-2018 year were \$19,182,061, or 94% of all revenues. This amount represents an increase of \$737,432 in general revenues over the 2016-2017 year of \$18,444,629. The 2016-2017 general revenues as a percent of total revenues was 94%. Of the total general revenues, state sources accounted for \$7,659,100, real property tax and real property tax items accounted for \$11,132,204, and other sources accounted for \$390,757 for the 2017-2018 fiscal year ended.

Total district-wide expenses for the 2017-2018 year were \$19,730,396. These expenses were offset by program revenues that included \$155,233 in charges for services and \$965,199 in operating grants and contributions. The net cost for governmental activities that was ultimately financed by general revenues was \$18,609,964, which represents an increase of \$196,768 from the 2016-2017 year.

During the current fiscal year, the District was able to fund the mandatory contribution to the New York State Employee's Retirement System and Teacher's Retirement System (the "Systems") without the need to finance the payments. The total current year contributions to the systems were \$823,611, which is a decrease of \$103,301, or 11.1%, over the 2016-2017 amount of \$926,912. The District has recorded a net pension liability of \$186,823 and \$854,911 as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The District has also recorded a net pension asset of \$278,414 and \$- as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Total District capital assets - net of depreciation decreased by \$67,335 to \$27,867,429 in the 2017-2018 year as compared to \$27,934,764 in the 2016-2017 year. Total long-term liabilities decreased by \$1,281,444 to \$47,584,946 in the 2017-2018 year from \$48,866,390 in the 2016-2017 year.

## **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report consists of four parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information and other supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

The first two statements are district-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the district-wide statements. The fund financial statements concentrate on the District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds listed in total in one column. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, all of the District's governmental funds were considered major.

Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

## **District-Wide Statements**

The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid. While this document contains a large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2018?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information about the District as a whole and about its activities in a manner that helps to answer this question.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in those assets. The change in net position provides the reader with a tool to assist in determining whether the District's financial health is improving or deteriorating. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, and some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, student enrollment growth, required educational programs, and facility conditions in arriving at their conclusion regarding the overall health of the District.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the District reports governmental activities. Governmental activities are the activities where most of the District's programs and services are reported including, but not limited to: general support, instruction, pupil transportation, employee benefits, debt interest and the school lunch program. The District does not have any business-type activities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12 and 13 of this report.

## **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements are on pages 14 through 19 and provide more detailed information about the District's funds. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants. The District establishes other funds to control and to manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as Federal grants). The emphasis of the fund financial statements is on the major funds. For the 2017-2018 year, the District reports five major funds; the general fund, the school lunch fund, the special aid fund, the capital projects fund and the debt service fund.

In the fund financial statements, capital assets are reported as expenditures in the year of acquisition. No asset is reported. The issuance of debt is recorded as a financial resource. The current year's payments of principal and interest on long-term obligations are recorded as expenditures. Future year's debt obligations are not recorded.

**Governmental Funds** - Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or less financial resources available to spend in the near future to finance the District's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental funds are reconciled in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds are reconciled in the basic financial statements. Activities in these funds and reconciliations to district-wide financial statements are reported on pages 14 through 17.

**Fiduciary Funds** - The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the scholarship fund and the student activities funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the district-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and statement of changes in fiduciary net position on pages 18 and 19.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The statement of net position provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

#### Table 1

## Condensed Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018 and 2017

Julie 3			
	<u>2018</u>	Restated 2017	Total Percentage Change <u>%</u>
Assets			
Current assets	\$ 12,462,137	\$ 11,780,369	5.8
Capital assets	27,867,429	27,934,764	(0.2)
Total assets	40,329,566	39,715,133	`1.5 <sup>´</sup>
Deferred Outflow of Resources	4,364,407	4,179,211	4.4
Liabilities Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities	3,438,502 45,590,169 49,028,671	3,155,893 <u>46,860,797</u> <u>50,016,690</u>	9.0 (2.7) (2.0)
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,424,209	208,658	582.6
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	9,149,814	7,349,008	24.5
Restricted	6,257,906	5,420,016	15.5
Unrestricted	<u>(21,166,627</u> )	<u>(19,100,028</u> )	(10.8)
Total net position	\$ <u>(5,758,907</u> )	\$ <u>(6,331,004</u> )	(9.0)

## Table 2

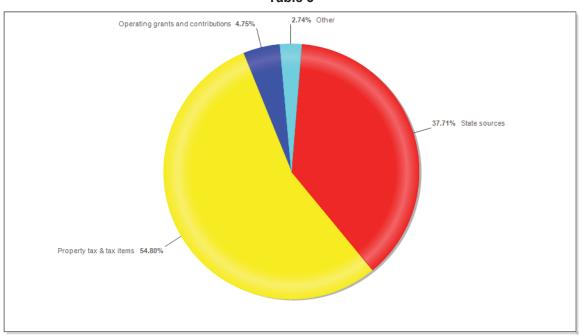
## Changes in Net Position from Operating Results For the Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	Total Percentage Change <u>%</u>
Revenues			
Program revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 155,233	3 \$ 172,810	(10.2)
Operating grants and contributions	005 400	000 454	4.0
	965,199		4.2 1.9
Total program revenues General revenues	1,120,432	1,099,261	1.9
Property taxes	10,039,567	9,817,835	2.3
Other taxes	1,092,637		0.8
State sources	7,659,100		5.1
Other	390,757		53.1
Total general revenues	19,182,061	18,444,629	4.0
Total revenues	20,302,493	<u>19,543,890</u>	3.9
-			
Expenses	2 674 069	0 507 611	3.4
General support Instructional	2,674,968 14,581,614	, ,	(0.6)
Pupil transportation	1,500,968	, ,	(0.0) 22.7
Community services	2,088		(19.2)
School lunch program	384,826		(4.0)
Debt service - interest	585,932		(6.9)
Total expenses	19,730,396	19,512,457	1.1
Change in net position	\$ <u>572,097</u>	\$ <u>31,433</u>	1,720.1

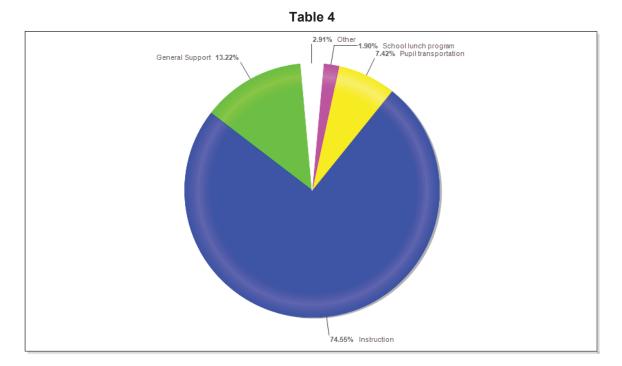
As reported in the statement of activities on page 13 the cost of all governmental activities was \$19,730,396 and \$19,512,457 for 2018 and 2017, respectively. However, the amount that taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through the District real property taxes was \$10,039,567 and \$9,817,835 for 2018 and 2017, respectively.

## NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

## Sources of Revenues for Governmental Activities Fiscal Year 2018



## Program Expenses for Governmental Activities Fiscal Year 2018



## **Governmental Activities**

In Table 5, we have presented the cost of each of the District's functions and programs, as well as each function's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

## Table 5

	Total Cost of Services					
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	Percentage Change <u>%</u>			
General support	\$ 2,674,968	\$ 2,587,611	3.4			
Instructional	14,581,614	14,668,698	(0.6)			
Pupil transportation	1,500,968	1,223,407	22.7			
Community services	2,088	2,585	(19.2)			
School lunch program	384,826	400,992	(4.0)			
Debt service - interest	585,932	629,164	(6.9)			
Total expenses	\$ <u>19,730,396</u>	\$ <u>19,512,457</u>	1.1			
	Ne	et Cost of Servic	es			
			Percentage Change			
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>%</u>			

	2018	<u>2017</u>	<u>%</u>
General support	\$ 2,674,968	\$ 2,587,611	3.4
Instructional	13,805,799	13,915,854	(0.8)
Pupil transportation	1,500,968	1,223,407	22.7
Community services	2,088	2,585	(19.2)
School lunch program	40,209	54,575	(26.3)
Debt service - interest	585,932	629,164	(6.9)
Total expenses	\$ <u>18,609,964</u>	\$ <u>18,413,196</u>	1.1

- **General Support** Includes expenses of the Board of Education, district offices, contracted professional services, buildings and grounds maintenance, insurance and BOCES administrative/building expenses.
- **Instructional** Includes curriculum and staff development, school supervision, regular K-12 programs, special education, BOCES vocational education, summer schools, libraries, computer-assisted education, pupil personnel services (counseling, health, psychological, social work), co-curricular activities and interscholastic athletics.
- **Pupil Transportation** Includes salaries for drivers, mechanics; expenses for the bus fleet, and garage.
- **Community Services** Includes expenses connected with annual school district census.
- **School Lunch Program** Includes the preparation, delivery, and servicing of lunches, snacks, and other incidental meals to students and the school staff.
- **Debt Service Interest** Includes the transactions associated with the payment of interest and other related charges to debt for improvements to the District.

## THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Fund financial statements are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues and other financing sources of \$20,835,060 and \$23,814,763 and expenditures and other financing uses of \$20,726,110 and \$23,473,804 in 2018 and 2017, respectively. The fund balance in the general fund increased by \$1,125,208 and decreased by \$3,110,638 in 2018 and 2017, respectively. The school lunch fund reported a decrease in fund balance of \$13,302 and \$8,399 in 2018 and 2017, respectively. The special aid fund balance had no change in 2018 and 2017. The capital projects fund fund balance had a decrease in fund balance of \$3,695,746 in 2017. The debt service fund reported a decrease of \$244,617 and \$235,750 in 2018 and 2017, respectively. Total governmental fund balance increased by \$108,950 and \$340,959 for the 2017-2018 fiscal year and 2016-2017 fiscal year, respectively.

## **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The 2017-2018 general fund's actual revenue was \$19,627,203. That amount is over the original and final budget estimates of \$19,069,355. The \$557,848 variance between the final amended budget and the June 30, 2018 actual results was primarily the result of conservative revenue budgeting in the area of state aid, an E-rate settlement, and a reimbursement from BOCES for substitute teaching, which fluctuates significantly from year to year. Combined, these items resulted in additional funding. Revenue budget comparisons are shown on page 43.

The 2017-2018 actual expenditures and other financing uses of the general fund were \$18,501,995, which is below the original budget of \$19,919,355 and below the final budget estimate of \$19,878,287. The \$1,376,292 variance between the final amended budget and the June 30, 2018 actual results was due to conservative estimates of multiple final expenditures prior to year end. Expenditure budget comparisons are shown on page 43.

The general fund's fund balance increased by \$1,125,208 to \$6,826,810. The District's fund balance is classified in five categories including nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the District has \$5,419,214 classified as restricted, \$595,442 as assigned and \$812,154 as unassigned. More information regarding the District's specified reserves can be found on pages 26 - 28.

## **CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

## Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal years 2018 and 2017, the District had \$39,415,493 and \$38,541,225 invested in land, buildings and renovations, buses, and furniture and equipment. Depreciation expense of \$1,104,504 and \$1,129,163 has been recorded in 2018 and 2017. The net book value at June 30, 2018 and 2017 was \$27,867,429 and \$27,934,764, respectively.

Table 6 shows the fiscal 2018 and 2017 balances for the major classes of assets:

Table 6

## Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation) At June 30, 2018 and 2017

		<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	Total Percentage Change <u>%</u>
Land	\$	17,341	\$ 17,341	-
Construction in progress		792,593	34,254	100.0
Buildings and improvements	2	5,965,609	26,828,731	(3.2)
Furniture and equipment		1,091,886	1,054,438	3.6
Total	\$ <u>2</u>	7,867,429	\$ 27,934,764	(0.2)

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Notes 1 and 4 on pages 23 and 30, respectively, of this report. In addition, a schedule of project expenditures can be found on page 51.

## Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2018 and 2017, the District had total long-term obligations of \$47,584,946 and \$48,866,390, respectively.

## Table 7

### Outstanding Debt At June 30, 2018 and 2017

	<u>2018</u>	Restated <u>2017</u>	Total Percentage Change <u>%</u>
Bonds payable	\$18,717,615	\$ 20,585,756	(9.1)
Compensated absences	2,923,973	2,868,969	1.9
Other postemployment benefits liability	25,346,072	24,122,913	5.1
Flex medical reimbursement liability	410,463	433,841	(5.4)
Net pension liability	186,823	854,911	(78.1)
Total	\$ <u>47,584,946</u>	\$ <u>48,866,390</u>	(2.6)

The District's bond rating for 2018 and 2017 was AA-.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Notes 1 and 5 beginning on pages 23 and 31 of this report.

## ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The District anticipates a slight increase in school aid for the 2018-2019 school year. Due to uncertainty over whether or not this trend will continue in future years, the District continues to position itself to absorb losses in uncertain state aid revenues by budgeting conservatively and looking for opportunities to reduce operational expenses. Additionally, the District has appropriated reserves toward the 2018-2019 budget.

Beginning with the 2012-2013 school year, the District's ability to increase its property tax revenues was reduced through enacted "Property Tax Cap Legislation". Increases in the tax levy beyond the lesser of 2%, or the percent change in the CPI for the 12 month period ending December never to be lower than 1%, will need approval by a super majority (60%) of the voters. Lower than average CPI increases have had an impact on the district and will likely continue for the 2018-2019 school year.

The District continues to experience increases in employee benefit costs due to higher health insurance premiums. The District closely monitor unpredictable contribution rates for the New York State Employees and Teacher's Retirement pension systems. The District anticipates no increase in the debt service obligation for the foreseeable future.

Enrollment in the District remains fairly stable. Projections suggest that enrollment has leveled off and the District does not anticipate major fluctuations in the near future.

The economic conditions of the District's community are projected to remain stable for the foreseeable future.

## CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact:

Naples Central Schools Attn: Matthew Frahm, Superintendent of Schools 136 North Main Street Naples, New York 14512

## NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

		overnmental <u>Activities</u>
Assets Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted Other receivables State and federal aid receivables Due from other governments Inventory Cash and cash equivalents - restricted Due from external parties Net pension asset - proportionate share Capital assets	\$	4,691,062 32,944 455,930 539,645 8,917 6,254,102 201,123 278,414
Capital assets - not depreciated Capital assets - net Total assets	_	809,934 27,057,495 40,329,566
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred outflows of resources - pensions Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB Total deferred outflows of resources	_	4,314,110 50,297 4,364,407
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Other liabilities Due to other governments Reserve for excess taxes Accrued interest Due to teacher's and employee's retirement system Long-term liabilities		706,829 47,952 2,279 71 1,894 22,566 662,134
Portion due or payable within one year: Bonds payable Compensated absences Flex medical reimbursement liability Portion due or payable after one year: Bonds payable Compensated absences Net pension liability - proportionate share Other postemployment benefits liability Flex medical reimbursement liability Total liabilities		1,850,000 44,753 100,024 16,867,615 2,879,220 186,823 25,346,072 <u>310,439</u> 49,028,671
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows of resources - pensions		1,424,209
<b>Net Position</b> Net investment in capital assets Restricted for		9,149,814
Unemployment insurance reserve Retirement contribution reserve Property loss reserve and liability reserve Insurance reserve Reserve for tax certiorari Employee benefit accrued liability reserve Reserve for debt Reserve for capital Reserve for capital - transportation Reserve for capital - acquisition of transportation vehicles Reserve for capital - 2018 Unrestricted Total net position	\$	40,183 1,568,814 56,737 64,160 194,306 1,156,705 838,692 212,135 462,626 384,060 1,279,488 (21,166,627) (5,758,907)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. \$-12\$-

## NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Program Revenues

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position

Functions/Programs	<u>Expenses</u>	Charges for <u>Services</u>	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental <u>Activities</u>		
Governmental activities General support Instructional Pupil transportation Community services School lunch program Debt service - interest Total governmental activities	\$ 2,674,968 14,581,614 1,500,968 2,088 384,826 <u>585,932</u> \$ 19,730,396	\$ - 37,261 - 117,972 \$ 155,233	\$ 738,554 - 226,645 \$ 965,199	\$ (2,674,968) (13,805,799) (1,500,968) (2,088) (40,209) (585,932) (18,609,964)		
	General Revenue Real property tax Real property tax State sources Use of money and Medicaid reimburs Sale of property a Miscellaneous loc Total general re	10,039,567 1,092,637 7,659,100 16,458 94,114 14,413 <u>265,772</u> 19,182,061				
	Change in Net P	osition		572,097		
	Net Position - Be	Net Position - Beginning - As Originally Stated				
	Cumulative Effect	(13,981,575)				
	Net Position - Be	eginning - As Resta	ated	(6,331,004)		
	Net Position - Er	Net Position - Ending				

## NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	Special Revenue Funds								Tatal																															
	General Fund		General Fund		General Fund		General Fund		General Fund		General Fund		General Fund		General Fund		<u>General Fur</u>		General Fun		General Fund		General Fund		<u>General Fund</u>		General Fund		General Fund			School nch Fund	Sp	ecial Aid <u>Fund</u>	Pre	Capital ojects Fund	De	bt Service <u>Fund</u>	Go	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS																																								
Assets Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted Other receivables Due from other funds State and federal aid receivables Due from other governments Inventory Cash and cash equivalents - restricted Total Assets	6 2 5 5,4	218,245 32,674 575,747 260,248 539,645 	\$	99,286 270 - - 8,917 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$	152,495 - 40,957 195,682 - - - 389,134	\$	3,221,036 - 40,004 - - - 3,261,040	\$	- 3,804 - - 834,888 838,692	\$ _ \$_	4,691,062 32,944 760,512 455,930 539,645 8,917 <u>6,254,102</u> 12,743,112																												
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	S																																							
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Compensated absences payable Other liabilities Due to other funds Due to other governments Reserve for excess taxes Flex medical reimbursement liability Due to teacher's and employee's retirement system Total liabilities	1	887,000 42,197 44,753 80,961 1,894 00,024 662,134 318,963	\$	5,755 - 87,769 71 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$	2,279 386,855 - - - - 389,134	\$	319,829 - - 3,804 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$	-	\$	706,829 47,952 44,753 2,279 559,389 71 1,894 100,024 <u>662,134</u> 2,125,325																												
Fund Balances																																								
Nonspendable Inventory Restricted		-		8,917		-		-		-		8,917																												
Unemployment insurance reserve Retirement contribution reserve Property loss reserve and liability reserve Insurance reserve Reserve for tax certiorari		40,183 68,814 56,737 64,160 94,306				- - -		- - -				40,183 1,568,814 56,737 64,160 194,306																												
Employee benefit accrued liability reserve Reserve for debt Reserve for capital Reserve for capital - transportation	1,1 2	56,705 - 212,135 62,626		-		-		-		838,692 - -		1,156,705 838,692 212,135 462,626																												
Reserve for capital - acquisition of transportation vehicles Reserve for capital - 2018 Assigned		84,060 279,488		-		-		-		-		384,060 1,279,488																												
Reserve for encumbrances Reserve for school lunch fund Reserve for capital Reserve for subsequent year Unassigned	8	45,442 - - 50,000 312,154		- 5,961 - -	_	- - - -		456,303 - 2,481,104 - -		- - - -	_	601,745 5,961 2,481,104 450,000 812,154																												
Total fund balances Total Liabilities and Fund Balances		45,773	\$	14,878 108,473	\$	- 389,134	\$	2,937,407 3,261,040	\$	838,692 838,692	\$	10,617,787 12,743,112																												

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$	10,617,787
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of the following:		
Capital assets - not depreciated17,341Land17,341Construction in progress792,593Capital assets - depreciable - net27,057,495Total capital assets27,057,495	5	27,867,429
Some deferred inflows and outflows are not reported in governmental funds. These consist of the following:		
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions Deferred inflows of resources - pensions Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB		4,314,110 (1,424,209) 50,297
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds. These consist of the following:		
Accrued interest(22,566Bonds payable(18,717,615Flex medical reimbursement liability - net(310,435Compensated absences - net(2,879,220Other postemployment benefits liability(25,346,072Net pension asset - teachers' retirement system278,414Net pension liability - employees' retirement system(186,823)	)))))) 2)	<u>(47,184,321</u> )
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$_	(5,758,907)

## NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Special Revenue Funds					Total
P	General <u>Fund</u>	School Lunch Fund	Special Aid <u>Fund</u>	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service <u>Fund</u>	Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Revenues	\$10,039,567	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,039,567
Real property taxes Real property tax items	\$ 10,039,567 1,092,637	φ -	φ -	φ -	φ -	\$ 10,039,567 1,092,637
Charges for services	37,261	-	-	-	-	37,261
Use of money and property	11.068	- 7	-	-	5,383	16,458
Sale of property and compensation for loss	14,413	1	-	-	5,565	14,413
Miscellaneous local sources	265,386	- 386	-	-	-	265,772
State sources	7,822,757	23,958	- 157,139	-	-	8,003,854
Federal sources	1,022,151	202,688	417,757	-	-	620,445
Medicaid reimbursements	94,114	202,000	417,757	-	-	620,445 94,114
Sales - school lunch	94,114	- 117,972	-	-	-	117,972
	-		- E74.900		- -	
Total revenues	19,377,203	345,011	574,896	-	5,383	20,302,493
Other Financing Sources						
Interfund transfers	250,000	25,000	40,869	216,698	-	532,567
Total revenues and other financing sources	19,627,203	370,011	615,765	216,698	5,383	20,835,060
Expenditures						
General support	2.019.925	-	-	80.076	-	2.100.001
Instructional	8,545,622	-	605,605	678,263	-	9,829,490
School lunch program	-,	314,326			-	314,326
Pupil transportation	828,913	-	10,160	216,698	-	1,055,771
Community services	2.088	-	-	,	-	2.088
Employee benefits	4,366,874	68,987	-	-	-	4,435,861
Debt service - principal	1,859,862		-	-	-	1,859,862
Debt service - interest	596,144	-	-	-	-	596,144
Total expenditures	18,219,428	383,313	615,765	975,037	-	20,193,543
Other Financing Uses						
Interfund transfers	282,567	_	_	_	250,000	532,567
Total expenditures and other financing uses	18,501,995	383,313	615,765	975,037	250,000	20,726,110
Total experiordires and other infancing uses	10,001,990	00,010	010,700	315,031	230,000	20,120,110
Change in Fund Balance	1,125,208	(13,302)	-	(758,339)	(244,617)	108,950
Fund Balances - Beginning	5,701,602	28,180		3,695,746	1,083,309	10,508,837
Fund Balances - Ending	\$6,826,810	\$ 14,878	\$	\$ 2,937,407	\$ 838,692	\$ <u>10,617,787</u>

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 108,950
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are the following:		
Capital outlay \$ Depreciation expense _ Excess of depreciation over capital outlay	1,037,169 (1,104,504)	(67,335)
Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. In the current period, these amounts are the following:		
Bond repayments - principal		1,859,862
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. In the current period, these amounts are the following:		
Compensated absences OPEB liability Flex medical reimbursement liability Deferred inflows of resources - pensions Deferred outflows of resources - pensions Deferred outflows of resources- OPEB		(54,435) (1,223,159) 21,855 (1,215,551) (488,379) 50,297
Changes in the proportionate share of net pension asset/liability reported in the statement of activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds:		
Teachers' retirement system Employees' retirement system		660,167 286,335
Some items reported as expenditures in governmental funds are required to be deferred in the statements of net position. In the current period those amounts are: Accrued contributions to TRS Accrued contributions to ERS		558,820 64,458
Other differences Accrued interest	1,933	07,700
Amortization of bond premium Total other differences	8,279	10,212
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 572,097

# NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2018

	Private- Purpose <u>Trust</u>	Agency Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents - restricted Total assets	\$ <u>187,588</u> \$ <u>187,588</u>	\$ <u>333,034</u> \$ <u>333,034</u>
Liabilities Due to other funds Extraclassroom balances Other liabilities Total liabilities	\$ 	\$ 201,123 107,725 <u>24,186</u> \$ <u>333,034</u>
<b>Net Position</b> Nonspendable - Held in trust for scholarships Total net position	<u> </u>	

# NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Private- Purpose <u>Trust</u>
Additions Gifts and donations	\$ 8,386
Interest and earnings Total additions	<u>35</u> 8,421
Deductions Scholarships and awards	13,190
Change in Net Position	(4,769)
Net Position - Beginning	192,357
Net Position - Ending	\$ <u>187,588</u>

## Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of Naples Central School District, (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principals ("GAAP")). The Government Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing government accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies and reporting practices of the District.

## A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, *Defining The Financial Reporting Entity*, and Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District and other organizational entities determined to be includable in the District's financial reporting entity. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief description of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

## 1. Extra Classroom Activity Funds

The extra classroom activity funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The extra classroom activity funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the extra classroom activity funds can be found at the District's business office. The District accounts for assets held as an agent for various student organizations in an agency fund.

## B. Joint Venture

The District is a component district in the Wayne County Finger Lakes Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment, as defined in the New York State Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

## C. Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

## 1. District-Wide Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities present information about the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients for goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expensed for those areas.

## 2. Fund Financial Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. The District reports the following funds.

## a. Major Governmental

- **i. General Fund** This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund is always reported as a major fund.
- **ii.** School Lunch Fund This fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for transactions of the District's lunch, breakfast and milk programs.
- **iii. Special Aid Fund** This fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.
- iv. Capital Projects Fund This fund is used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities.
- v. **Debt Service Fund** This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations for governmental activities.
- b. Fiduciary Fund These funds are used to account for fiduciary activities. Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used.

- 1. **Private Purpose Trust Funds** These funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefits annual third party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria governs the use of the funds and members of the District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.
- 2. Agency Funds These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

## D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

## 1. Accrual

The District-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied or earned. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

## 2. Modified Accrual

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

## 3. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

## 4. Cash and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. New York State law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities. Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Investments are stated at fair value.

## 5. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at net realizable value. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided due to the fact that management believes that such allowance would not be material.

## 6. Due To/From Other Governments

The District reports amounts due from other governments, which consisted of funds claimed but not received from various state, federal and other governmental agencies.

## 7. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of food in the school lunch fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis, or in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year-end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as assets on the statement of net position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

## 8. Due To/From Other Funds

The amounts reported on the statement of net position for due to and due from other funds represents amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for amounts due to and due from within the same fund type. A detailed description of the individual fund balances at year end is provided subsequently in these notes.

## 9. Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following useful lives:

	Capitalization <u>Threshold</u>		Estimated <u>Useful Life</u>
Buildings and improvements	\$	5,000	20-40 Years
Furniture and equipment	\$	5,000	5-20 Years

## 10. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits payable, and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due within one year or due within more than one year in the statement of net position.

## 11. Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions

The District complies with GASB Statement No. 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – Amendment to GASB Statement No. 27 and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. The primary objective of the Statements is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. The implementation of the Statements requires the District to report as an asset and/or liability for its portion of the collective pension asset and/or liability in the New York State Teachers' and Employees' Retirement Systems. The implementation of the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset and/or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. Also included as a deferred outflow is the District contributions to the pension systems subsequent to the measurement date. See note 8.

## 12. Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post Employment Benefits

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the District adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75 - *"Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions"*. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). See note 9 and note 14 of the financial statements for the impact of the implementation on the financial statements.

## 13. Vested Employee Benefits

The District employees are provided benefits as follows:

- a. Vacation and Sick Leave The District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods. Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave. In the governmental fund financial statements only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the general fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you go basis.
- b. Compensated Absences Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the District-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year end. In the fund statements, only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the general fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you go basis.
- c. Retirement The District provides retirement benefits for substantially all its regular full-time teachers and employees, and its part-time teachers and employees who elect to participate, through contributions to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS), and New York State and Local Retirement System (ERS), respectively. The systems provide various plans and options, some of which require employee contributions. The retirement systems compute the cost of retirement benefits based on their respective fiscal years: TRS July 1st to June 30th, and ERS April 1st to March 31st.

d. **Post Employment Benefits** - In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides health insurance coverage and survivor. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure or operating transfer to other funds in the general fund, in the year paid. See Note 9 for additional information.

## 14. Budgetary Procedures and Budgetary Accounting

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the general fund. The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the general fund on May 15, 2017.

Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year. The special revenue funds have not been included in the budget and actual comparison because they do not have legally authorized (appropriated) budgets.

## 15. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section of deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense / expenditure) until then. The government has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide statement of net position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The second is the District contributions to the pension systems (TRS and ERS Systems) subsequent to the measurement date. The third represents the difference between actual and expected experience and other inputs related to the OPEB liability.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in the category. The item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide statement of net position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability (ERS System) and difference during the measurement periods between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of total contributions to the pension system not included in pension expense.

## 16. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these notes.

## 17. Fund Balance and Net Position

In the district-wide financial statements there are five classification of net position:

- **Nonspendable Fund Balance** amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact.
- **Restricted Fund Balance** amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.
- **Committed Fund Balance** amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision making authority. To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level of action to remove or change the constraint. For the purposes of the District, the highest level of decision making authority resides with the Board of Education.
- **Assigned Fund Balance** amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the Board of Education delegates the authority.
- **Unassigned Fund Balance** amounts that are available for any purpose.

For the classification of governmental fund balances, the District considers an expenditure to be made from the budgetary appropriations first when more than one classification is available. The District establishes and modifies fund balance commitments by a passage of a resolution in meetings of the Board of Education. Assigned fund balance is established by the District through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purposes (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service or for other purposes). The District's Purchasing Agent is responsible for all the purchasing activities of the District and encumbrances at year end, which are considered assigned funds and therefore, the purchasing agent is designated as having the authority to assign amounts intended to be used for specific purposes. The Board of Education approves the adoption and amendment of the budget and has the authority of final review of all assignments of fund balance. When resources are available from multiple classifications, the District spends funds in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, unassigned.

The District has implemented a policy in accordance with Real Property Tax Law §1318 which limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of next year's budgetary appropriations. Funds properly retained under other sections of law are excluded from the 4% limitation. Under GASB Statement No. 54 classifications, the 4% limitation is interpreted to be the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned classifications, minus the appropriated fund balance, amounts reserved for insurance recovery, amounts reserved for tax reduction and encumbrances included in committed and assigned fund balance.

The following is a summary of the District's fund balance classifications and categories within those classifications. Restricted and assigned fund balance categories are available to the District. Any capital gains or interest earned on restricted or assigned fund resources becomes part of the respective restricted or assigned fund balance category. While a separate bank account is not necessary for each restricted or assigned fund, a separate identity for each reserve fund must be maintained.

## A. Nonspendable

**1. Reserve for Inventory** - Reserve for Inventory is used to restrict that portion of fund balance, which is not available for appropriation. These reserves are accounted for in the school lunch fund. The balance at June 30, 2018 is \$8,917.

## B. Restricted

**1. Unemployment Insurance Reserve** - Unemployment Insurance Reserve (GML §6-m) is used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. This reserve is accounted for in the general fund. The balance at June 30, 2018 is \$40,183.

**2. Retirement Contribution Reserve** - Retirement Contribution Reserve (GML §6-r) is used for the purpose of financing contributions to the New York State Teacher's Retirement System and Local Employee's Retirement System. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds, and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the reserve must be provided to the Board. The balance at June 30, 2018 is \$1,568,814.

**3.** Property Loss Reserve and Liability Reserve - Property Loss Reserve and Liability Reserve (Education Law §1709(8)(c)) are used to pay for property loss and liability claims incurred. Separate funds for property loss and liability claims are required, and these reserves may not in total exceed 3% of the annual budget or \$15,000, whichever is greater. This type of reserve fund may be utilized only by school districts, except city school districts with a population greater than 125,000. These reserves are accounted for in the general fund. The balance at June 30, 2018 is \$56,737.

**4. Insurance Reserve** - Insurance Reserve is used to pay liability, casualty and other types of losses, except losses incurred for which the following types of insurance may be purchased: life, accident, health, annuities, fidelity and surety, credit, title residual value and mortgage guarantee. In addition, this reserve may not be used for any purpose for which a special reserve may be established pursuant to law (for example, for unemployment compensation insurance). The reserve may be established by Board action, and funded by budgetary appropriations, or such other funds as may be legally appropriated. There is no limit on the amount that may be accumulated in the Insurance Reserve; however, the annual contribution to this reserve may not exceed the greater of \$33,000 or 5% of the budget. Settled or compromised claims up to \$25,000 may be paid from the reserve without judicial approval. This reserve is accounted for in the general fund. The balance at June 30, 2018 is \$64,160.

**5. Tax Certiorari Reserve** - Tax Certiorari Reserve (Education Law §3651.1-a) is used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amount which might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceedings in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the general fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund. The balance at June 30, 2018 is \$194,306.

**5.** Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve - Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve (GML §6-p) is used to reserve funds for the payment of accrued employee benefit due to an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund. The balance at June 30, 2018 is \$1,156,705.

**6. Debt Reserve** - Mandatory Reserve for Debt Service (GML §6-I) is used to establish a reserve for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations which remain outstanding at the time of sale. The funding of the reserve is from the proceeds of the sale of District property or capital improvement. The reserve is accounted for in the debt service fund. The balance at June 30, 2018 is \$838,692.

**7. Capital Reserve** - Capital Reserve (Education Law §3651) is used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve; the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditure may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for the required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. These reserves are accounted for in the general fund. The balance at June 30, 2018 in the capital reserve is \$212,135, in the capital - transportation reserve is \$462,626, in the capital - acquisition of transportation vehicles is \$384,060 and in the capital - 2018 is \$1,279,488.

## C. Assigned

**1. Reserve for Encumbrances** - Reserve for encumbrances represents the amount of outstanding encumbrances at the end of the fiscal year. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts or other commitments for the expenditures of monies are recorded for budgetary control purposes to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations, is employed in the general, District-wide capital improvement project and non-major funds. Encumbrances are reported as reservations of fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Expenditures for such commitments are recorded in the period in which the liability is incurred. The balance at June 30, 2018 is \$601,745.

**2. Reserve for School Lunch Fund** - Reserve for school lunch fund represents the remaining assigned portion of fund balance in the school lunch fund. The reserve is accounted for in the school lunch fund. The balance at June 30, 2018 is \$5,961.

**3. Reserve for Capital -** Reserve for capital projects represents the remaining assigned portion of fund balance in the capital projects fund. The reserve is accounted for in the capital projects fund. The balance at June 30, 2018 is \$2,481,104.

**4. Reserve for Subsequent Year** - Reserve for subsequent year represents the estimated fund balance that is appropriated into the adopted budget. The balance at June 30, 2018 is \$450,000.

## **18.** Future Changes in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement No. 83 - "*Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*." Effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018.

GASB has issued Statement No. 84 - "*Fiduciary Activities*." Effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

GASB has issued Statement No. 87 - "Leases." Effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

Statement No. 88 - Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. Effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018.

Statement No. 89 - Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period. Effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

The District will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

## E. Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1, and became a lien on August 9, 2017. Taxes are collected during the period September 1 through October 31, 2017. Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the Counties of Livingston, Ontario, Steuben and Yates. The Counties pay an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the Counties for enforcement to the District no later than the following April 1st.

## Note 2. Cash and Investments

The District's investment policies are governed by State statutes. In addition, the District has its own written investment policy. The District monies must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The District Treasurer is authorized to use demand accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by federal deposit insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and school districts. Deposits and investments at year-end were entirely covered by Federal Deposit Insurance or by collateral held by the District's custodial bank in the District's name. These deposits consisted of:

	Carrying <u>Amount</u>	Bank <u>Balance</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u>11,465,786</u>	\$ <u>11,595,485</u>
Collateralized amounts Covered by FDIC insurance Uninsured and uncollateralized* Total deposits		\$ 10,890,271 500,000 <u>205,214</u> \$ <u>11,595,485</u>

\*At June 30, 2018 the District had funds that were not fully collateralized due to a timing issue at the bank. This was resolved on July 2, 2018 and the District was then fully collateralized.

## Note 3. Participation in BOCES

During the year, the District was billed \$2,602,681 for BOCES administrative and program costs. The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$604,131. Financial statements for the Ontario, Seneca, Yates, Cayuga and Wayne County Finger Lakes BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office at 131 Drumlin Court, Newark, New York 14513-1863.

## Note 4. Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 were as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	Decreases	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Governmental Activities Capital Assets Not Depreciated Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not depreciated	\$ 17,341 <u>34,254</u> <u>51,595</u>	\$	\$ 	\$ 17,341 <u>792,593</u> <u>809,934</u>
<b>Capital Assets Depreciated</b> Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment Total capital assets depreciated	35,852,078 <u>2,637,552</u> <u>38,489,630</u>			35,852,078 2,753,481 38,605,559
Less, Accumulated Depreciation Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment Total accumulated depreciation	9,023,347 <u>1,583,114</u> <u>10,606,461</u>	863,122 241,382 1,104,504		9,886,469 <u>1,661,595</u> <u>11,548,064</u>
Total capital assets depreciated - net Governmental Activities Capital Assets - Net	<u>27,883,169</u> \$ <u>27,934,764</u>	<u>(825,674)</u> \$ <u>(67,335</u> )	 \$	<u>27,057,495</u> \$ <u>27,867,429</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities		
General government support	\$	4,320
Instruction		863,716
Pupil transportation		234,955
School lunch	_	1,513
Total depreciation expense	\$_	1,104,504

## Note 5. Indebtedness

## A. Long-Term Debt

#### Serial Bonds/Statutory Installment Bonds

The District borrows money in order to acquire land, high cost equipment, construct buildings and perform improvements. This enables the cost of these capital assets to be borne by the present and future taxpayers receiving the benefit of the capital assets. These long-term liabilities, which are full faith and credit debt of the District, are recorded in the District-wide financial statements (statement of net position).

The District had the following serial bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2018:

<u>Purpose</u>	Due Date	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Serial Bonds, Series 2009	06/2024	2.50-4.00%	\$ 3,070,000	\$ -	\$ 410,000	\$ 2,660,000
Serial Bonds, Series 2013	06/2029	2.00-3.50%	3,970,000	-	295,000	3,675,000
Serial Bonds, Series 2014	06/2029	2.00-3.00%	12,920,000	-	925,000	11,995,000
Statutory Installment Bonds, 2013	06/2018	1.75-2.00%	55,000	-	55,000	-
Statutory Installment Bonds, 2014	06/2019	1.75-1.85%	110,000	-	55,000	55,000
Statutory Installment Bonds, 2015	06/2020	1.20-2.00%	175,000	-	55,000	120,000
Statutory Installment Bonds, 2016	06/2021	1.75-1.88%	229,862	-	64,862	165,000
Plus, premium on serial bond			55,894		8,279	47,615
Total bonds			\$ <u>20,585,756</u>	\$	\$ <u>1,868,141</u>	\$ <u>18,717,615</u>

The original issue premiums on bonds have been deferred and recorded as a liability on the district-wide financial statements. The premiums are being amortized using the straight-line method over the remaining time to maturity of the bonds. The current year amortization is recorded as a reduction to interest expense on the statement of activities.

#### Interest Expense

Interest on long-term debt for the year amounted to:

Interest paid	\$	596,144
Less: interest accrued in the prior year		(24,499)
Less: amortization of premium on serial bond		(8,279)
Add: interest accrued in the current year	_	22,566
Total interest expense	\$	585,932

## B. Changes in Long-Term Obligations

The changes in the District's long-term obligations during the year ended June 30, 2018 are summarized as follows:

	Restated Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	<u>Reductions</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Amounts Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Bonds payable Compensated absences Other postemployment	\$ 20,585,756 2,868,969	\$ - 55,004	\$ 1,868,141 -	\$ 18,717,615 2,923,973	\$ 1,850,000 44,753
benefits liability Flex medical reimbursement	24,122,913	1,223,159	-	25,346,072	-
liability	433,841	-	23,378	410,463	100,024
Net pension liability	854,911		668,088	186,823	
Total	\$ <u>48,866,390</u>	\$ <u>1,278,163</u>	\$ 2,559,607	\$ <u>47,584,946</u>	\$ <u>1,994,777</u>

## C. Maturity

The following is the amortization schedule for the long-term liability resulting from bonds:

	Pr	<u>incipal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<b>Balance</b>
2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 - 2028 2029 - 2032	\$ 1 1 1 1 8	,850,000 ,850,000 ,840,000 ,840,000 ,895,000 ,005,000 ,390,000	\$ 547,997 500,107 448,279 395,051 341,488 937,389 43,050	\$ 16,820,000 14,970,000 13,130,000 11,290,000 9,395,000 1,390,000
Total		,670,000	\$ 3,213,361	

## Note 6. Interfund Balances and Activity

Interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2018 are as follows:

	 Interfund <u>Receivable</u>		Interfund <u>Payable</u>	
General fund	\$ 675,747	\$	80,961	
School lunch fund	-		87,769	
Special aid fund	40,957		386,855	
Capital projects fund	40,004		3,804	
Debt service fund	 3,804		-	
Subtotal	760,512		559,389	
Trust and agency funds	 		201,123	
Total	\$ 760,512	\$	760,512	

Interfund receivables and payables, other than between governmental activities and fiduciary activities are eliminated on the statement of net position. Intergovernmental receivables between governmental and fiduciary activities are listed as due from external parties.

The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues.

All interfund payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

## Note 7. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ending June 30, 2018 consisted of the following:

	Transfers In		Transfers <u>Out</u>		
General fund	\$	250,000	\$	282,567	
School lunch fund		25,000		-	
Special aid fund		40,869		-	
Capital projects fund		216,698		-	
Debt service fund				250,000	
Total	\$	532,567	\$	532,567	

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) move residual cash from closed projects to debt service to be used for debt payments at a later date.

## Note 8. Pension Plans

## A. General Information

The District participates in the New York State Employees' Retirement System (NYSERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (NYSTRS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

## B. Plan Descriptions

## **Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)**

NYSTRS provides retirement, disability, withdrawal and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the Retirement and Social Security Law of the State of New York. NYSTRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. The report may be obtained by writing to NYSTRS, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York 12211-2395.

## Employees' Retirement System (ERS)

NYSERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. New York State Retirement and Social Security Law governs obligations of employers and employees to contribute, and benefits to employees. NYSERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to NYSERS, Office of the State Comptroller, 110 State Street, Albany, New York, 12244.

## C. Funding Policies

The Systems are noncontributory for the employee who joined prior to July 27, 1976. For employees who joined the Systems after July 27, 1976, and prior to January 1, 2010, employees contribute 3% to 3.5% of their salary. With the exception of ERS tier V and VI employees, employees in the system more than ten years are no longer required to contribute. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For NYSERS, the Comptroller certifies the rates expressed as proportions of members' payroll annually, which are used in computing the contributions required to be made by employers to the pension accumulation fund. Pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law, the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board establishes rates annually for NYSTRS.

The District contributions made to the Systems were equal to 100% of the contributions required for each year. The required contributions for the current year and two preceding years were:

	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>	<u>Total</u>
2018	\$ 263,841	\$ 559,770	\$ 823,611
2017	\$ 246,633	\$ 680,279	\$ 926,912
2016	\$ 262,229	\$ 729,313	\$ 991,542

The total unpaid liability for NYSERS and NYSTRS was \$662,134.

## **Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)**

The District recognized its proportion of the TRS net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense as of June 30, 2018. The TRS total pension asset was determined by actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2016 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017. The proportion allocation method utilized by TRS was the percentage of each employers fiscal year 2017 contribution to the total contributions to the plan.

The District's share of the pension asset of the TRS Plan represents 0.036629% of the total net pension asset. The District has recorded a net pension asset of \$278,414 as of June 30, 2018. The District has recorded its proportionate share of pension plan expense of \$702,278 as of June 30, 2018.

## Actuarial Assumptions

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 TRS valuation were as follows:

7.25% compounded annually, net of pension investment expense, including inflation
Rates of increase differ based on age and gender and are projected between 1.90% - 4.72%
2.5%
Society of Actuaries Scale MP 2014 July 1, 2009 - June 30, 2014 System's Experience

Expected rate of return on investments

The long-term expected rate of return on the TRS investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the plan's target asset allocation as of the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation are summarized in the following table:

	Long Term Expected Real	
Asset Type	Rate*	Target Allocation
Domestic equities	5.9 %	35.0 %
International equities	7.4	18.0
Real estate	4.3	11.0
Private equities	9.0	8.0
Domestic fixed income securities	1.6	16.0
Global fixed income securities	1.6	2.0
High-yield fixed income securities	3.9	1.0
Mortgages	2.8	8.0
Short-term	0.6	1.0
		100.0 %

\* Real rates of return are net of a long-term inflation assumption of 2.2%

### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the TRS total pension liability as of June 30, 2018 was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current and non-active plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

### Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset of the TRS plan, calculated as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017 using the discount rate of 7.25%, per annum (the "current rate"). The table shows what the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (6.25%), or 1% point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease <u>(6.25%)</u>		Current Discount 1 <u>(7.25%)</u>		% Increase (8.25%)
Naples Central School District's proportionate share of the TRS net pension asset (liability)	\$	(4,796,246)	\$ 278,414	\$	4,528,190

At June 30, 2018 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the TRS pension from the following sources:

	TRS			
	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of		
	<u>Resources</u>	<u>Resources</u>		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 229,066	\$ 108,550		
Changes in assumptions	2,832,915	-		
Net difference between projected and actual				
investment earnings on pension plan investments	-	655,745		
Changes in proportion and differences between				
employer contributions and proportionate share of				
contributions	57,459	60,034		
Employer contributions subsequent to the	,	,		
measurement date	558,820	-		
Total	\$ 3.678.260	\$ 824.329		
	+	÷ ÷ · ;•=•		

The components of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, other than the difference between the projected and actual earnings on plan investments, are amortized into pension expense over a 5 year closed period, which reflects the weighted average remaining service life of all plan members, beginning the year in which the deferred amount occurs. The annual difference of the projected and actual earnings on plan investments is amortized over a five-year closed period beginning the year in which the difference occurs. The cumulative amounts of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources reported will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For the fiscal year ended:

	<u>TRS</u>
2018	\$ 66,741
2019	\$ 751,815
2020	\$ 538,669
2021	\$ 135,463
2022	\$ 537,108
Thereafter	\$ 265,315

### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current year net pension asset of the employers as of June 30, 2017 were as follows:

		TRS
Valuation date		6/30/2017
Employers' total pension liability	\$	114,708,261,032
Plan net position	_	(115,468,360,316)
Employers' net pension asset (liability)	\$	760,099,284
Ratio of plan net position to the employers' total pension asset		100.66 %

### **Employees' Retirement System (ERS)**

The District recognized its proportion of the ERS net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and pension expense as of June 30, 2018. The ERS total pension liability was determined by actuarial valuations as of April 1, 2017 and rolled forward to the measurement date of March 31, 2018. The proportion allocation method utilized by ERS was the percentage of each employers fiscal year 2017 contribution to the total contributions to the plan.

### NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Financial Statements

The District's share of the pension liability of the ERS Plan represents 0.0057886% of the total net pension liability. The District has recorded a net pension liability of \$186,823 as of June 30, 2018. The District has recorded its proportionate share of pension plan expenses of \$259,422 as of June 30, 2018.

### Actuarial Assumptions

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2017 ERS valuation were as follows:

Rate of return on investments	7.0% compounded annually, net of investment expenses
Salary scale	3.8% average
Inflation	2.5%
Decrement table	Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2014
	April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015, System's Experience

### Expected rate of return on investments

The long-term expected rate of return on the ERS investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Plan's target asset allocation as of the April 1, 2017 actuarial valuation are summarized in the following table:

	Long Term Expected Real	Target
Asset Type	Rate*	Allocation
Domestic equity	4.6 %	36.0 %
International equity	6.4	14.0
Private equity	7.5	10.0
Real estate	5.6	10.0
Absolute return strategies	3.8	2.0
Opportunistic portfolio	5.7	3.0
Real assets	5.3	3.0
Bonds and mortgages	1.3	17.0
Cash	(0.3)	1.0
Inflation-indexed bonds	1.3	4.0
		<u>100.0</u> %

\* The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.50%.

### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the ERS total pension liability as of June 30, 2018 was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current and non-active plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the ERS plan, calculated as of the measurement date of March 31, 2018 using the discount rate of 7.0% per annum (the "current rate"). The table shows what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (6.0%), or 1% point higher (8.0%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease					1% Increase	
Naples Central School District's proportionate share of		<u>(6.0%)</u>		<u>(7.0%)</u>		<u>(8.0%)</u>	
the ERS net pension asset (liability)	\$	(1,413,557)	\$	(186,823)	\$	850,944	

At June 30, 2018 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the ERS pension from the following sources:

	ERS			
	Οι	Deferred utflows of esources	I	Deferred nflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	66,634	\$	55,064
Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual		123,879		-
investment earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between		271,346		535,610
employer contributions and proportionate share of				
contributions		109,533		9,206
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		64.458		-
Total	\$	635,850	\$	599,880

The components of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, other than the difference between the projected and actual earnings on plan investments, are amortized into pension expense over a 5 year closed period, which reflects the weighted average remaining service life of all plan members, beginning the year in which the deferred amount occurs. The annual difference between the projected and actual earnings on plan investments is amortized over a five-year closed period beginning the year in which the difference occurs. The cumulative amounts of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources reported will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For the fiscal year ended:

	ERS
2019	\$ 73,556
2020	\$ 58,133
2021	\$ (112,638)
2022	\$ (47,539)
2023	\$ -
Thereafter	\$ -

EDC

### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current year net pension liability of the employers as of March 31, 2018 were as follows:

	ERS
Valuation date	4/1/2017
Employers' total pension liability	\$ 183,400,590,000
Plan net position	 (180,173,145,000)
Employers' net pension liability	\$ 3,227,445,000
Ratio of plan net position to the employers' total pension	98.24 %
liability	

### Note 9. Post Employment Healthcare Plan

Plan Description and Benefits - The District administers a Post-retirement Healthcare Benefits Program (the "Plan") as a single-employer defined benefit plan. The District provides medical and dental benefits to retired employees and their eligible dependents. The benefits provided to employees upon retirement are based on provisions in various contracts that the District has in place with different classifications of employees.

The District acquires health insurance through a consortium known as the Finger Lakes Area School Health Plan (FLASHP). Benefits provided by FLASHP are administered by Excellus BlueCross BlueShield and MVP. The FLASHP plan covers medical, dental, and pharmaceutical costs. Health Economies covers dental costs for eligible bargaining units. Specifics and limitations of the coverage offered to retirees is contained in the plan document. Many of the services in the FLASHP plan require co-payments at various levels depending on the nature of the service.

## **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms -**\_ .. .

. . .

Participant Data	
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving	
benefits	90
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	142
Total	232

Total OPEB Liability - The District's total OPEB liability of \$25,346,072 was measured as of June 30, 2018 and was determined by an actuarial valuation.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - The method used to calculate the costs of the Plan is known as the Entry Age Normal, Level Percent of Salary. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount rate	3.00%
Inflation	2.60%
Healthcare cost trend rate	7.5% for 2016, decreasing 0.5% per year
	to an ultimate rate of 4.5% for 2022

Mortality rates were based on the SOA RP-2014 adjusted to 2006 total dataset mortality table projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2016.

The following table shows the changes to the total OPEB liability:

Original OPEB liability as of July 1, 2017 (under GASB 45) Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle (required by GASB 75) Total OPEB liability as of July 1, 2017	\$ 10,141,338 <u>13,981,575</u> 24,122,913
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	1,062,468
Interest	745,989
Differences between expected and actual experience	57,586
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	-
Benefit payments	<u>(642,884</u> )
Net changes	1,223,159
Total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018	\$ <u>25,346,072</u>

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the District's OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.00% per annum (the "current rate"), as well as what the District's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (2.00%) or 1% point higher (4.00%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Assumption	1% Increase
	<u>(2.00%)</u>	(3.00%)	<u>(4.00%)</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 29,927,135	\$ 25,346,072	\$ 21,696,536

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the District's OPEB liability calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 7.50% per annum (the "current rate"), as well as what the District's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1% point lower (6.50%) or 1% point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Assumption	1% Increase
	<u>(6.50%)</u>	<u>(7.50%)</u>	<u>(8.50%)</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 20,366,683	\$ 25,346,072	\$ 32,898,468

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$1,815,746. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred	
	Outflows of	Inflows of	
	<b>Resources</b>	<b>Resources</b>	
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$ 50,297	\$ -	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	\$-	\$-	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

9
9
9
9
9
2

### Note 10. Risk Management

### A. General Information

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage, injuries, errors and omissions, natural disasters, and other risks. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

### B. Workers' Compensation

The District incurs costs related to the Wayne-Finger Lakes Area School Workers' Compensation Plan (Plan) sponsored by the Board of Cooperative Educational Services, of Ontario, Seneca, Yates, Cayuga and Wayne Counties and its component districts. The Plan's objectives are to furnish workers' compensation benefits to participating districts at a significant cost savings. Membership in the Plan may be offered to any component district of the Ontario, Seneca, Yates, Cayuga and Wayne Counties BOCES with the approval of the Board of Directors. Voluntary withdrawal from the Plan may be effective only once annually on the last day of the Plan year as may be established by the Board of Directors. Notice of the Intention to withdraw must be given in writing to the Chairman of the Board of Directors and the Treasurer not less than one year prior to the end of the Plan year.

Plan membership is currently comprised of thirteen districts. If a surplus of participants' assessments exist after the close of a Plan year, the Board may retain from such surplus an amount sufficient to establish and maintain a claim contingency fund. Surplus funds in excess of the amount transferred to or included in such contingency fund shall be applied in reduction of the next annual assessment or to the billing of Plan participants. All monies paid to the Treasurer by participants shall be commingled and administered as a common fund. No refunds shall be made to a participant and no assessments shall be charged to a participant other than the annual assessment. However, if it appears to the Board of Directors that the liabilities of the Plan will exceed its cash assets, after taking into account any "excess insurance", the Board shall determine the amount needed to meet such deficiency and shall assess such amounts against all participants pro-rata per enrollee.

The Plan purchases, on an annual basis, stop-loss insurance to limit its exposure for claims paid. The Plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claims costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and claims that have been incurred but not reported. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expenses in the periods in which they are made. During the year ended June 30, 2018, the Naples Central School District incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling \$72,129.

The Plan is audited on an annual basis and the Plan's financial statements are available at the BOCES administrative offices.

### C. Unemployment

District employees are entitled to coverage under the New York State Unemployment Insurance Law. The District has elected to discharge its liability to the New York State Unemployment Insurance Fund (the Fund) by the benefit reimbursement method, a dollar-for-dollar reimbursement to the Fund for benefits paid from the Fund to former employees. The District has established a self insurance fund to pay these claims. There were no claims and judgment expenditures of this program for the 2017-2018 fiscal year. The balance of the fund at June 30, 2018 was \$40,183 and is recorded in the general fund as an unemployment insurance reserve. In addition, as of June 30, 2018, no loss contingencies existed or were considered probable or estimable for incurred but not reported claims payable.

### Note 11. Federal and State Funded Programs

The District participates in a number of Federal and New York State grant and assistance programs. These programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

### Note 12. Tax Abatements

As of June 30, 2018, tax abatement programs include abatements on property taxes. All property tax abatements are performed through Payment In Lieu of Tax (PILOT) agreements made by various Towns. The PILOT agreements are made to support electric, manufacturing, and recreation. Total taxes abated by the towns in each of these categories for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 are as follows:

Electric	\$ 118,886
Manufacturing	\$ 28,661

### Note 13. Stewardship, Compliance, Accountability

### **Material Violations of Finance-Related Provisions**

Expenditures exceeding the budget are explained as follows:

#### General Fund

Expenditures for interfund transfers exceeded the budgeted amount due to unbudgeted transfers to the capital project fund to cover bus purchases.

### Note 14. Restatement of Net Position

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 75 - "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." The implementation of this Statement resulted in the reporting of the entire actuarial accrued liability for other postemployment benefits. The District's net position at June 30, 2017 has been restated as follows:

Net position beginning of year - as previously stated	\$ 7,650,571
GASB Statement No. 75 implementation Beginning total OPEB liability	<u>(13,981,575</u> )
Net position beginning of year - as restated	\$ <u>(6,331,004</u> )

# NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Revenues	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable <u>(Unfavorable)</u>
Real property tax Real property tax items Charges for services Use of money and property Sale of property and compensation for gain Miscellaneous local sources State sources Medical reimbursements Total revenues	\$10,994,739 126,002 55,099 11,000 500 51,000 7,541,223 <u>39,792</u> 18,819,355	\$10,994,739 126,002 55,099 11,000 500 51,000 7,541,223 <u>39,792</u> 18,819,355	\$10,039,567 1,092,637 37,261 11,068 14,413 265,386 7,822,757 <u>94,114</u> 19,377,203	\$ (955,172) 966,635 (17,838) 68 13,913 214,386 281,534 54,322 557,848
Other Financing Sources Interfund transfers Total revenues and other financing sources	<u>    250,000</u> 19,069,355	<u>    250,000</u> 19,069,355	<u>    250,000</u> 19,627,203	557,848
Expenditures General support Instruction Pupil transportation Community services Employee benefits Debt principal Debt interest Total expenditures	$2,181,757 \\9,044,820 \\829,645 \\2,900 \\5,351,000 \\1,862,088 \\\underline{596,145} \\19,868,355$	$2,307,400 \\9,147,358 \\889,389 \\2,900 \\5,081,196 \\1,802,899 \\\underline{596,145} \\19,827,287$	$2,019,925 \\8,545,622 \\828,913 \\2,088 \\4,366,874 \\1,859,862 \\\underline{596,144} \\18,219,428$	287,475 601,736 60,476 812 714,322 (56,963) 1 1,607,859
Other Financing Uses Interfund transfers Total expenditures and other financing uses	<u>51,000</u> 19,919,355	<u>51,000</u> 19,878,287	<u>282,567</u> 18,501,995	(231,567) 1,376,292
Change in Fund Balance	(850,000)	(808,932)	1,125,208	1,934,140
Fund Balances - Beginning	5,701,602	5,701,602	5,701,602	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ <u>4,851,602</u>	\$ <u>4,892,670</u>	\$ <u>6,826,810</u>	\$ <u>1,934,140</u>

# NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

## **Total OPEB Liability**

Service cost Interest	\$	1,062,468 745,989
Changes of benefit terms		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		57,586
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		-
Expected benefit payments	_	(642,884)
Net changes in total OPEB liability		1,223,159
Total OPEB liability - beginning	_	<u>24,122,913</u>
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	25,346,072
Covered employee payroll Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered	\$	6,023,825
employee payroll		420.76 %

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.  $\hfill -$  44 -

### NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District's OPEB Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Actuarially determined	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
contribution Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined	\$ 642,884	\$ 531,668	\$ 416,532	\$ 393,660	\$ 309,000	\$ 272,000	\$ 106,311	\$ 222,538	\$ 212,000	\$ 161,909
contribution Contribution deficiency	642,884	531,668	416,532	393,660	309,000	272,000	106,311	222,538	212,000	161,909
(excess)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Covered employee payroll Contribution as a percentage of covered employee	\$ <u>6,023,825</u>	\$ <u>7,825,797</u>	\$ <u>7,603,590</u>	\$ <u>7,511,725</u>	\$ <u>7,530,977</u>	\$ <u>7,402,155</u>	\$ <u>7,814,503</u>	\$ <u>7,753,309</u>	\$ <u>8,021,964</u>	\$ <u>8,100,884</u>
payroll	10.67 %	6.79 %	5.48 %	5.24 %	4.10 %	3.67 %	1.36 %	2.87 %	2.64 %	2.00 %

### NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability) - TRS For The Year Ended June 30, 2018

The District's proportion of the net pension asset (liability)	<u>2018</u> 0.036629 %	<b>2017</b> 0.035643 %	<u>2016</u> 0.036590 %	<b>2015</b> 0.036975 %	<b>2014</b> 0.036975 %
The District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ 278,414	\$ (381,753)	\$ 3,800,575	\$ 4,118,819	\$ 4,118,819
The District's covered employee payroll The District's proportionate share of the net pension asset	\$ 5,722,815	\$ 5,910,953	\$ 5,669,592	\$ 5,461,828	\$ 5,479,890
<ul> <li>(liability) as a percentage of covered employee payroll</li> <li>Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset</li> </ul>	4.86 % 100.66 %	(6.46)% 99.01 %	67.03 % 110.46 %	75.41 % 114.48 %	75.16 % 100.70 %

### NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - ERS For The Year Ended June 30, 2018

The District's proportion of the net pension liability	(	<b>2018</b> 0.0057886 %	<u>2017</u> 0.005286 %	<b>2016</b> 0.005574 %	<u>2015</u> 0.005574 %	<b>2014</b> 0.005574 %
The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	186,823	\$ 473,158	\$ 848,373	\$ 188,318	\$ 251,901
The District's covered employee payroll	\$	1,819,586	\$ 1,641,273	\$ 1,545,152	\$ 1,648,596	\$ 1,585,216
The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as						
a percentage of covered employee payroll		10.27 %	28.83 %	54.91 %	11.42 %	15.89 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		98.24 %	94.70 %	90.70 %	97.90 %	97.20 %

### NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Employers Contributions for TRS For The Year Ended June 30, 2018

Contractually required		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>		<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>		<u>2009</u>
Contractually required contribution Contribution in relation to the contractually	\$	559,770	\$	680,279	\$	729,313	\$	887,547	\$	648,819	\$	648,525	\$	500,509	\$	426,691	\$ 434,737	\$	444,913
required contribution Contribution deficiency	_	559,770	-	680,279	-	729,313	-	887,547	-	648,819	-	648,525	-	500,509	-	426,691	434,737	_	444,913
(excess) Contribution as a percentage of covered employee payroll	\$_	9.78 %	\$		\$	12.86 %	\$	<u>-</u> 16.25 %	\$		\$		\$	8.62 %	\$_	6.19 %	\$ 7.63 %	\$_	<u> </u>

### NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Employers Contributions for ERS For The Year Ended June 30, 2018

		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>		<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>		<u>2009</u>
Contractually required contribution Contribution in relation to the contractually	\$	263,841	\$	246,633	\$	262,229	\$	299,580	\$	289,489	\$	320,619	\$	252,754	\$	181,042	\$	142,058	\$	138,687
required contribution Contribution deficiency	-	263,841	-	246,633	_	262,229	-	299,580	-	289,489	-	320,619	-	252,754	-	181,042	-	142,058	_	138,687
(excess) Contribution as a percentage of covered employee payroll	\$	<u>-</u> 14.50 %	\$	- 15.03 %	\$_		\$	<u>-</u> 18.17 %	\$		\$		\$		\$_		\$_	8.71 %	\$_	<u>-</u> 8.98 %

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

### Note 1. Budgetary Comparison Schedule and Budgetary Basis Reporting

An operating budget for the general fund is adopted prior to the beginning of each year on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The general fund is the only fund for which a budget is legally required by New York State Municipal Law and it must be approved by the Board of Education and the voters of the District. Budget amendments require approval by the Board of Education. The budgetary comparison schedule has been prepared on the legal level of budgetary control. Therefore, the District's budgetary comparison schedule presents expenditures by department, with separate identification of personnel object codes, where applicable. The District prepares and reports its budgetary information in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# Note 2. Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios and Schedule of District's OPEB Contributions

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information for the other postemployment benefit obligation, latest actuarial valuation and actuarial assumptions and methods can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

The Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

# Note 3. Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/Liability and Schedule of Employer's Contributions

The information presented in these required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the audit of the New York State Employees' Retirement System Plan (NYSERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (NYSTRS). Additional information for the pension schedules can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

The Schedules of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability) are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

## NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Changes from Original Budget to Final Budget General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Original budget	\$ 19,919,355
Add: Prior year's encumbrances	18,122
Less: Budget revisions	<u>(59,190</u> )
Final budget	\$ <u>19,878,287</u>

### SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION

2018-19 voter-approved expenditure budget		\$ 2	20,303,849
Maximum allowed 4% of 2018-19's budget		\$	812,154
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law*:			
Unrestricted fund balance: Committed fund balance Assigned fund balance Unassigned fund balance Total unrestricted fund balance	\$  595,442 812,154 1,407,596		
Less: Appropriated fund balance Encumbrances included in committed and assigned fund balance Total adjustments	\$  450,000 <u>145,442</u> 595,442		
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law		\$	812,154
Actual percentage			4.00 %
		-	D C

\*Per Office of the State Comptroller's "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", Updated April 2011 (Originally Issued November 2010), the portion of General Fund fund balance subject to Section 1318 of the Real Property Tax Law is: unrestricted fund balance (i.e., the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned classifications), minus appropriated fund balance, amounts reserved for insurance recovery, amounts reserved for tax reduction, and encumbrances included in committed and assigned fund balance.

### NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Project Expenditures Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

			Exp	penditures				Methods of	Financing		
PROJECT TITLE	Original <u>Budget</u>	Amended <u>Budget</u>	Prior Years	Current <u>Year</u>	<u>Total</u>	Unexpended <u>Balance</u>	<b>Obligations</b>	State Aid	Interfund <u>Transfers</u>	<u>Total</u>	Fund Balance
2017-2018 Buses 2017 Capital Project Total	\$ 216,698 7,725,000 \$ 7,941,698	\$216,698 7,725,000 \$7,941,698	\$ - \$ 34,254 \$ 34,254 \$	216,698 \$ 758,339 975,037 \$	216,698 792,593 1,009,291	\$	\$ \$	\$ \$	\$216,698 <u>3,730,000</u> \$ <u>3,946,698</u>	\$216,698 3,730,000 \$3,946,698	\$

Capital Assets - Net	\$ <u>27,867,429</u>
<b>Deduct</b> Short-term portion of bonds payable Long-term portion of bonds payable Subtotal	1,850,000 <u>16,867,615</u> <u>18,717,615</u>
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ <u>9,149,814</u>



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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education Naples Central School District Naples, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Naples Central School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Naples Central School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 4, 2018.

### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Naples Central School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Naples Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Naples Central School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weakness may exist that have not been identified.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Naples Central School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

EFPR Group, CPAS, PLLC

EFPR Group, CPAs, PLLC Rochester, New York October 4, 2018