NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Education Naples Central School District Naples, New York

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Naples Central School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Naples Central School District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 11 and budgetary comparison schedule - general fund on page 43, and schedule of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and related ratios on page 44, schedule of District's proportionate share of the net pension assets/liabilities on page 45, and schedule of employers contribution for pensions on page 46, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Naples Central School District basic financial statements. The other supplementary information listed on the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 7, 2020, on our consideration of the Naples Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of law, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Naples Central School District's internal controls over financial reporting or on compliance. The report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Naples Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

EFPR Group, CPAS, PLLC

EFPR Group, CPAs, PLLC Rochester, New York October 7, 2020

The following is a discussion and analysis of the Naples Central School District's (the "District") financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This section is a summary of the District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions or conditions. It is also based on both the district-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Total district-wide general revenues, excluding charges for service and operating grants for the 2019-2020 year were \$20,057,673, or 94% of all revenues. This amount represents an increase of \$334,053 in general revenues over the 2018-2019 year of \$19,723,620. The 2018-2019 general revenues as a percent of total revenues was 95%. Of the total general revenues, state sources accounted for \$8,023,015, real property tax and real property tax items accounted for \$11,840,664, and other sources accounted for \$193,994 for the 2019-2020 fiscal year ended.

Total district-wide expenses for the 2019-2020 year were \$21,874,993. These expenses were offset by program revenues that included \$111,773 in charges for services and \$1,196,893 in operating grants and contributions. The net cost for governmental activities that was ultimately financed by general revenues was \$20,566,327, which represents an increase of \$2,133,887 from the 2018-2019 year.

During the current fiscal year, the District was able to fund the mandatory contribution to the New York State Employee's Retirement System and Teacher's Retirement System (the "Systems") without the need to finance the payments. The total current year contributions to the systems were \$781,039, which is a decrease of \$90,028, or 10.3%, under the 2018-2019 amount of \$871,067. The District has recorded a net pension liability for ERS of \$1,520,086 and \$387,030 as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The District has also recorded a net pension asset for TRS of \$924,278 and \$634,094 as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Total District capital assets - net of depreciation increased by \$2,752,326 to \$35,477,851 in the 2019-2020 year as compared to \$32,725,525 in the 2018-2019 year. Total long-term liabilities increased by \$11,189,756 to \$56,401,406 in the 2019-2020 year from \$45,211,650 in the 2018-2019 year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information and other supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

The first two statements are district-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the district-wide statements. The fund financial statements concentrate on the District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds listed in total in one column. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, all of the District's governmental funds were considered major.

Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

District-Wide Statements

The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid. While this document contains a large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2020?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information about the District as a whole and about its activities in a manner that helps to answer this question.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in those assets. The change in net position provides the reader with a tool to assist in determining whether the District's financial health is improving or deteriorating. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, and some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, student enrollment growth, required educational programs, and facility conditions in arriving at their conclusion regarding the overall health of the District.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the District reports governmental activities. Governmental activities are the activities where most of the District's programs and services are reported including, but not limited to: general support, instruction, pupil transportation, employee benefits, debt interest and the school lunch program. The District does not have any business-type activities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12 and 13 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements are on pages 14 through 19 and provide more detailed information about the District's funds. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants. The District establishes other funds to control and to manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as Federal grants). The emphasis of the fund financial statements is on the major funds. For the 2019-2020 year, the District reports five major funds; the general fund, the school lunch fund, the special aid fund, the capital projects fund and the debt service fund.

In the fund financial statements, capital assets are reported as expenditures in the year of acquisition and therefore no capital assets are reported. The issuance of debt is recorded as a financial resource. The current year's payments of principal and interest on long-term obligations are recorded as expenditures. Future year's debt obligations are not recorded.

Governmental Funds - Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or less financial resources available to spend in the near future to finance the District's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds are reconciled in the basic financial statements. Activities in these funds and reconciliations to district-wide financial statements are reported on pages 14 through 17.

Fiduciary Funds - The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the scholarship fund and the student activities funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the district-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and statement of changes in fiduciary net position on pages 18 and 19.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The statement of net position provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

Table 1

Condensed Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	<u> 2019</u>	Total Percentage Change <u>%</u>
Assets			
Current assets	\$ 11,608,995	\$ 9,388,329	23.7
Capital assets	35,477,851	32,725,525	8.4
Total assets	47,086,846	42,113,854	11.8
Deferred Outflow of Resources	8,424,352	3,829,906	120.0
Liabilities			
Current liabilities	3,077,041	4,130,351	(25.5)
Long-term liabilities	<u>54,288,563</u>	43,215,527	25.6
Total liabilities	<u>57,365,604</u>	<u>47,345,878</u>	21.2
Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,121,975	3,065,609	1.8
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	15,180,246	15,865,592	(4.3)
Restricted	7,157,521	6,467,673	10.7
Unrestricted	(27,314,148)		1.9
Total net position	\$ <u>(4,976,381</u>)	\$ <u>(4,467,727</u>)	11.4

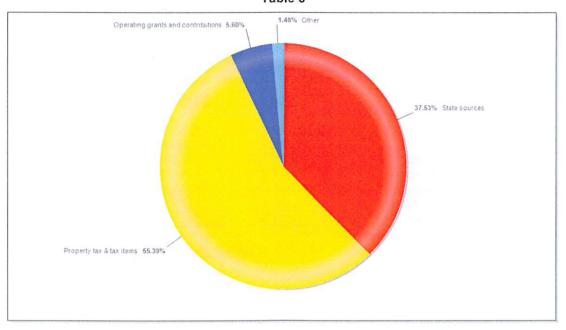
Table 2
Changes in Net Position from Operating Results
For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

		<u>2020</u>		<u> 2019</u>	Total Percentage Change <u>%</u>
Revenues					
Program revenues					
Charges for services	\$	111,773	\$	144,377	(22.6)
Operating grants and					
contributions	_	1,196,893		978,828	22.3
Total program revenues	_	<u>1,308,666</u>	_1	<u>,123,205</u>	16.5
General revenues	4	0.000.000	40	407.040	2.0
Property taxes	ı	0,806,639		,427,218	3.6
Other taxes		1,034,025		,065,978	(3.0)
State sources Other		8,023,015 193,994	′	,908,434 <u>321,990</u>	1.4
Total general revenues	2	0,057,673	10	723,620	(39.8) 1.7
Total revenues		1,366,339		<u>.723,020</u> <u>.846,825</u>	1.7 2.5
rotal revenues		1,000,000	<u> 20</u>	,040,023	2.0
Expenses					
General support		3,119,686	2	,727,074	14.4
Instructional	1	6,256,056	14	,500,410	12.1
Pupil transportation		1,661,143	1	,417,961	17.2
Community services		1,636		2,356	(30.6)
School lunch program		336,790		368,409	(8.6)
Debt service - interest	_	<u>499,682</u>		<u>539,435</u>	(7.4)
Total expenses		1,874,993		<u>,555,645</u>	11.9
Change in net position	\$_	<u>(508,654</u>)	\$ <u> </u>	<u>,291,180</u>	(139.4)

The cost of all governmental activities was \$21,874,993 and \$19,555,645 for 2020 and 2019, respectively. However, the amount that taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through the District real property taxes was \$10,806,639 and \$10,427,218 for 2020 and 2019, respectively.

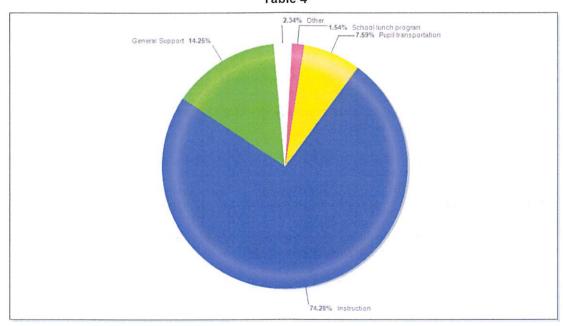
Sources of Revenues for Governmental Activities Fiscal Year 2020

Table 3



Program Expenses for Governmental Activities Fiscal Year 2020

Table 4



Governmental Activities

In Table 5, we have presented the cost of each of the District's functions and programs, as well as each function's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

Table 5

	<u>Total Cost of Services</u>				
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	Percentage Change <u>%</u>		
General support	\$ 3,119,686	\$ 2,727,074	14.4		
Instructional	16,256,056	14,500,410	12.1		
Pupil transportation	1,661,143	1,417,961	17.2		
Community services	1,636	2,356	(30.6)		
School lunch program	336,790	368,409	(8.6)		
Debt service - interest	499,682	539,435	(7.4)		
Total expenses	\$ 21,874,993	\$ 19,555,645	11.9		

Net Cost of Services

	<u> 2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	Percentage Change <u>%</u>
General support	\$ 3,119,686	\$ 2,727,074	14.4
Instructional	15,236,966	13,728,821	11.0
Pupil transportation	1,661,143	1,417,961	17.2
Community services	1,636	2,356	(30.6)
School lunch program	47,214	16,793	181.2 [°]
Debt service - interest	499,682	539,435	(7.4)
Total expenses	\$ 20,566,327	\$ 18,432,440	11.6

- General Support Includes expenses of the Board of Education, district offices, contracted professional services, buildings and grounds maintenance, insurance and BOCES administrative/building expenses.
- Instructional Includes curriculum and staff development, school supervision, regular K-12 programs, special education, BOCES vocational education, summer schools, libraries, computer-assisted education, pupil personnel services (counseling, health, psychological, social work), co-curricular activities and interscholastic athletics.
- **Pupil Transportation** Includes salaries for drivers, mechanics; expenses for the bus fleet, and garage.
- Community Services Includes expenses connected with annual school district census.
- School Lunch Program Includes the preparation, delivery, and servicing of lunches, snacks, and other incidental meals to students and the school staff.
- **Debt Service Interest -** Includes the transactions associated with the payment of interest and other related charges to debt for improvements to the District.

THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Fund financial statements are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues and other financing sources of \$27,342,047 and \$22,386,278 and expenditures and other financing uses of \$24,328,287 and \$26,509,604 in 2020 and 2019, respectively. The fund balance in the general fund increased by \$1,435,707 and \$499,119 in 2020 and 2019, respectively. The school lunch fund balance had no change in 2020 and reported a decrease in fund balance of \$5,472 in 2019. The special aid fund balance had no change in 2020 and 2019. The capital projects fund fund balance had an increase in fund balance of \$1,725,719 in 2020 and a decrease of \$4,420,069 in 2019. The debt service fund reported a decrease of \$147,666 and \$196,904 in 2020 and 2019, respectively. Total governmental fund balance increased by \$3,013,760 and decreased by \$4,123,326 for the 2019-2020 fiscal year and 2018-2019 fiscal year, respectively.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The 2019-2020 general fund's actual revenue was \$20,300,578. That amount is above the original and final budget estimates of \$20,209,767. The \$90,811 variance between the final amended budget and the June 30, 2020 actual results was due to additional BOCES aid received due to additional aided expenses made late in the 2018-2019 fiscal year. Revenue budget comparisons are shown on page 43.

The 2019-2020 actual expenditures and other financing uses of the general fund were \$18,864,871, which is below the original budget of \$20,699,767 and below the final budget estimate of \$21,271,719. The \$2,406,848 variance between the final amended budget and the June 30, 2020 actual results was due to under expenditures for health insurance benefits partially due to a change in plans for non-instructional employees and determinations to maintain current staffing levels along with personnel departures during the school year. Expenditure budget comparisons are shown on page 43.

The general fund's fund balance increased by \$1,435,707 to \$8,761,636. The District's general fund balance is classified in five categories including nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the District has \$6,663,399 classified as restricted, \$520,883 as assigned and \$1,577,354 as unassigned. More information regarding the District's specified reserves can be found on pages 26 - 28.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal years 2020 and 2019, the District had \$48,789,523 and \$45,092,749 invested in land, buildings and renovations, buses, and furniture and equipment. Depreciation expense of \$1,267,019 and \$1,103,761 has been recorded in 2020 and 2019. The net book value at June 30, 2020 and 2019 was \$35,477,851 and \$32,725,525, respectively.

Table 6 shows the fiscal 2020 and 2019 balances for the major classes of assets:

Table 6
Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)
At June 30, 2020 and 2019

		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>	Total Percentage Change <u>%</u>
Land	\$	75,642	\$	17,341	336.2
Construction in progress		-		6,332,661	(100.0)
Buildings and improvements	34	4,131,856	2	5,100,671	36.0
Furniture and equipment		1,270,353	_	<u>1,274,852</u>	(0.4)
Total	\$ <u>3</u>	<u>5,477,851</u>	\$ <u>3</u>	2,725,525	8.4

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Notes 1 and 4 on pages 23 and 29, respectively, of this report. In addition, a schedule of project expenditures can be found on page 50.

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2020 and 2019, the District had total long-term obligations of \$56,401,406 and \$45,211,650, respectively.

Table 7
Outstanding Debt
At June 30, 2020 and 2019

	<u>2020</u>	<u> 2019</u>	Total Percentage Change <u>%</u>
Bonds payable	\$20,297,605	\$ 16,859,933	20.4
Compensated absences	3,314,013	3,143,747	5.4
Total OPEB liability	30,876,188	24,413,520	26.5
Flex medical reimbursement liability	393,514	407,420	(3.4)
Net pension liability - ERS	<u>1,520,086</u>	387,030	292.8
Total	\$ <u>56,401,406</u>	\$ <u>45,211,650</u>	24.7

The District's bond rating for 2020 and 2019 was AA-.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Notes 1 and 5 beginning on pages 23 and 30 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The general fund budget for the 2020-2021 school year was approved by the voters in the amount of \$21,213,960. This is an increase of 2.5% over the previous year's budget.

The 2020-2021 budget is impacted by certain trends impacting school districts. These include increases in retirement contributions and health insurance costs. COVID-19 has caused unexpected costs which are expected to continue into 2020-2021 school year. The 2019-2020 state aid receivables were subjected to a 20% withholding due to New York State budgetary issues arising from the COVID-19 virus and it is uncertain if the District will collect on those receivables. The amount of 2020-2021 state aid that the District will receive is uncertain and not within the District's control. It is unknown how long the state aid issues will continue.

The New York State Legislature introduced and approved a property tax cap beginning in the 2012-2013 school year. This bill limits tax levy growth to the lesser of two percent or the annual increase in the CPI. Limited exemptions to exceed the levy cap are provided for taxes needed to pay for voter-approved capital expenditures, pension rate increases, court orders and torts over five percent of the prior year's levy. If the tax levy proposed so the voters is within the district's tax levy cap, then a majority vote would be required for approval. If the proposed tax levy exceeds the district's tax levy cap, the threshold required for approval would be 60% of the vote. A school district that does not levy an amount up to the cap in any one year would be allowed to carry over unused tax levy capacity into future years.

The United States is presently in the midst of a national health emergency related to the COVID-19 virus. The overall consequences of the COVID-19 on a national, regional and local level are unknown, but has the potential to result in a significant economic impact. The impact of this situation on the District and its future results and financial position is not presently determinable.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact:

Naples Central Schools
Attn: Matthew Frahm, Superintendent of Schools
136 North Main Street
Naples. New York 14512

NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT **Statement of Net Position** June 30, 2020

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted Other receivables	\$ 2,609,685
State and federal aid receivables	34,296 486,482
Due from other governments	335,164
Inventory	18,605
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	7,151,550
Due from fiduciary funds	48.935
Net pension asset - proportionate share - TRS	924.278
Capital assets	0_1,
Capital assets - not depreciated	75,642
Capital assets - net	35,402,209
Total assets	47,086,846
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions	4,069,204
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB	<u>4,355,148</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>8,424,352</u>
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	264.273
Accrued liabilities	40,072
Other liabilities	2,280
Accrued interest	26,618
Reserve for excess taxes	1,901
Due to teacher's and employee's retirement systems	629,054
Long-term liabilities	020,00
Portion due or payable within one year:	
Bonds payable	1,970,000
Compensated absences	50,349
Flex medical reimbursement liability	92,494
Portion due or payable after one year:	
Bonds payable	18,327,605
Compensated absences	3,263,664
Net pension liability - proportionate share - ERS	1,520,086
Total OPEB liability	30,876,188
Flex medical reimbursement liability Total liabilities	301,020
Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>57,365,604</u>
Deferred revenues	550
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions	1,346,856
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	1,774,569
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,121,975
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	15,180,246
Restricted for	
Reserve for unemployment insurance	40,324
Reserve for ERS retirement contribution Reserve for TRS retirement contribution sub fund	1,404,673
	238,823
Reserve for property loss and liability Reserve for insurance	107,030
Reserve for tax certiorari	114,478 103,821
Reserve for employee benefit accrued liability	193,821 1,160,767
Reserve for debt	494,122
Reserve for capital - acquisition of transportation vehicles	275,780
Reserve for capital - 2018	3,127,703
Unrestricted	(27,314,148)
Total net position	\$ (4,976,381)

NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT **Statement of Activities** For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		<u>Program l</u>	<u>Revenues</u>	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net <u>Position</u>
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for <u>Services</u>	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Governmental activities: General support Instructional Pupil transportation Community services School lunch program Debt service - interest Total governmental activities	\$ 3,119,686 16,256,056 1,661,143 1,636 336,790 499,682 \$ 21,874,993	\$ 28,300 - 83,473 \$ 111,773	\$ - 990,790 - 206,103 - \$ 1,196,893	\$ (3,119,686) (15,236,966) (1,661,143) (1,636) (47,214) (499,682) (20,566,327)
	General Revenues Real property taxes Real property tax it State sources Use of money and Medicaid reimburse Sale of property an Miscellaneous loca Total general rev	s ems property ements d compensation for Il sources	·loss	10,806,639 1,034,025 8,023,015 9,457 49,596 (45,298) 180,239 20,057,673
	Change in Net Po	sition		(508,654)
	Net Position - Beg	jinning		(4,467,727)
	Net Position - End	ling		\$ <u>(4,976,381</u>)

NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT **Balance Sheet Governmental Funds** June 30, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds					Tatal
	General Fund	School Lunch Fund	Special Aid <u>Fund</u>	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service <u>Fund</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS						
Annata						
Assets Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted Other receivables Due from other funds State and federal aid receivables Due from other governments Inventory	\$ 2,105,975 34,223 862,466 145,257 335,164	\$ 86,546 73 18,404 16,817 - 18,605	\$ 95,095 - 134,435 324,408 -	\$ 322,069 - - - -	\$ - 5,971 - -	\$ 2,609,685 34,296 1,021,276 486,482 335,164 18,605
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	6,663,399				488,151	7,151,550
Total Assets	\$ <u>10,146,484</u>	\$ <u>140,445</u>	\$ 553,938	\$ 322.069	\$ 494,122	\$ <u>11.657,058</u>
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOU	RCES AND FUND	BALANCES				
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Compensated absences payable	\$ 234,583 31,423 50,349	\$ - 8,649	\$ - -	\$ 29,690	\$ - -	\$ 264,273 40,072 50,349
Other liabilities	•	-	2,280	•	•	2,280
Due to other funds	249,521	121,840	551,658	49,322	-	972,341
Flex medical reimbursement liability Reserve for excess taxes	92,494 1,901	•	-	-	-	92,494 1,901
Due to teacher's and employee's retirement system	629.054	_	-	-	-	629,054
Total liabilities	1,289,325	130,489	553,938	79,012		2,052,764
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unearned revenue	95,523	550				96,073
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable						
Inventory Restricted	-	18,605	-	-	•	18,605
Reserve for unemployment insurance	40,324	-	-	-	-	40,324
Reserve for ERS retirement contribution Reserve for TRS retirement contribution sub fund	1,404,673 238,823	-	•	-	-	1,404,673
Reserve for property loss and liability	107,030	-	-	-	-	238,823 107,030
Reserve for insurance	114,478	_	-	-	-	114,478
Reserve for tax certiorari	193,821	•	-	-	-	193,821
Reserve for employee benefit accrued liability	1,160,767	-	-	-	-	1,160,767
Reserve for debt Reserve for capital - acquisition of transportation	-	-	-	•	494,122	494,122
vehicles	275,780	•	_	-	-	275,780
Reserve for capital - 2018	3,127,703	-	-	-	-	3,127,703
Assigned Record for anoumbrance	04.400					Aa-
Reserve for encumbrances Reserve for capital	84,493	-	-	- 243,057	-	84,493 243,057
Reserve for subsequent year	436,390	-	-	243,037	-	436,390
Unassigned	1,577,354	(9,199)				<u>1,568,155</u>
Total fund balances	8,761,636	9,406		243,057	494,122	9,508,221
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ <u>10,146,484</u>	\$ <u>140,445</u>	\$ 553,938	\$322,069	\$ <u>494,122</u>	\$ <u>11,657,058</u>

NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Total Governmental Fund Balances	-	\$	9,508,221
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of the following:			
Capital assets - not depreciated Land Capital assets - depreciable - net Total capital assets	75,642 <u>35,402,209</u>		35,477,851
State aid in the governmental funds has been deferred as not available. This amount is considered earned in the statement of activities.			95,523
Some pension and OPEB liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows are not reported in governmental funds. These consist of the following:			
Total OPEB liability Net pension asset - teachers' retirement system Net pension liability - employees' retirement system Deferred outflows of resources - pensions Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB Total liabilities	(30,876,188) 924,278 (1,520,086) 4,069,204 (1,346,856) 4,355,148 (1,774,569)		(26,169,069)
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds. These consist of the following:	·		
Accrued interest Bonds payable Flex medical reimbursement liability - net Compensated absences - net	(26,618) (20,297,605) (301,020) (3,263,664)		(23,888,907)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$_	(4,976,381)

NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Special Rev	venue Funds			Total
	General <u>Fund</u>	School <u>Lunch Fund</u>	Special Aid <u>Fund</u>	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service <u>Fund</u>	Governmental Funds
Revenues		•	•	•		
Real property taxes	\$10,806,639	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,806,639
Real property tax items Charges for services	1,034,025	•	-	•	-	1,034,025
Use of money and property	28,300 8,177	31	•	-	1 240	28,300
Sale of property and compensation for loss	11,719	31	-	•	1,249	9,457 11,719
Miscellaneous local sources	179,301	938	-	-	-	180,239
State sources	8,032,821	21,049	154.714	271,069	-	8,479,653
Federal sources	0,002,021	199,700	445,032	271,009	_	644,732
Medicaid reimbursements	49,596	100,700	440,002	_	_	49,596
Sales - school lunch	49,550	83,473	-	_	-	83,473
Total revenues	20,150,578	305,191	599,746	271,069	1,249	21,327,833
	20,100,070	000,.01	000,740	27 1,000	1,240	21,021,000
Other Financing Sources						
Interfund transfers	150.000	28,757	21,092	519,628	_	719,477
Proceeds of obligations	-	,	-	4.820,000	_	4.820.000
Premiums on obligations	-	_		-	474,737	474,737
Total revenues and other financing sources	20,300,578	333,948	620,838	5,610,697	475,986	27,342,047
•						
Expenditures						
General support	2,430,136	•	-	3,008,779	68,652	5,507,567
Instructional	8,799,341	-	620,838	761,571	-	10,181,750
School lunch program	-	274,405	-	-	-	274,405
Pupil transportation	976,691	-	-	114,628	-	1,091,319
Community services	1,636	-	•	-	-	1,636
Employee benefits	4,141,884	59,543	-	-	-	4,201,427
Debt service - principal	1,850,000	-	-	-	-	1,850,000
Debt service - interest	<u>500,706</u>					<u>500,706</u>
Total expenditures	18,700,394	333,948	620,838	3,884,978	68,652	23,608,810
Other Financing Uses						
Interfund transfers	164,477				555.000	719,477
Total expenditures and other financing uses	18,864,871	333,948	620,838	3,884,978	623,652	24,328,287
Total experiences and other infaricing uses	10,004,071		020,030	3,004,970	023,032	<u> </u>
Change in Fund Balance	1,435,707	-	-	1,725,719	(147,666)	3,013,760
Fund Balances - Beginning	7,325,929	9,406	-	(1,482,662)	641,788	6,494,461
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ <u>8,761,636</u>	\$9,406	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 243,057	\$ 494,122	\$ 9,508,221

NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Tof the real Effect of the 50, 2020	
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 3,013,760
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are the following: Capital outlay \$ 4,076,361 Depreciation expense (1,267,019) Excess of depreciation over capital outlay	2,809,342
State aid in the governmental funds has been deferred as not available. This amount is considered earned in the statement of activities.	95,523
Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. In the current period, these amounts are the following:	
Bond repayments - principal	1,850,000
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. In the current period, these amounts are the following:	
Compensated absences Total OPEB liability Flex medical reimbursement liability Deferred inflows of resources - pensions Deferred outflows of resources - pensions	(164,425) (6,462,668) 4,785 (361,776) 282,305
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	4,312,140 305,960
Bond proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the government-wide statements, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position and does not	
affect the statement of activities.	(4,820,000)
Changes in the proportionate share of net pension asset/liability reported in the statement of activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds:	
Teachers' retirement system Employees' retirement system	290,185 (1,133,056)
Some items reported as expenditures in governmental funds are required to be deferred in the statements of net position. In the current period those amounts are:	
Other differences Accrued interest (6,041) Bond premium proceeds (474,737) Amortization of bond premium 7,065	
Disposition of assets (57,016) Total other differences	 (530,729)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (508,654)

NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2020

	Private- Purpose <u>Trust</u>	Agency Funds
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	\$ 176,955	\$ 237,589
Due from other funds	-	24,601
Total assets	\$ <u>176,955</u>	\$ <u>262,190</u>
Liabilities		
Due to other funds	\$ -	\$ 73,536
Extraclassroom balances	-	117,669
Other liabilities		70,985
Total liabilities		\$ <u>262,190</u>
Net Position		
Nonspendable - Held in trust for scholarships	176,955	
Total net position	\$ <u>176,955</u>	

NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

A J. J. Martin	Private- Purpose <u>Trust</u>
Additions Gifts and donations Interest and earnings Total additions	\$ 5,745 104 5,849
Deductions Administrative expenses	10,664
Change in Net Position	(4,815)
Net Position - Beginning	181,770
Net Position - Ending	\$ <u>176,955</u>

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of Naples Central School District, (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principals ("GAAP")). The Government Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing government accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies and reporting practices of the District.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, *Defining The Financial Reporting Entity*, and Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District and other organizational entities determined to be includable in the District's financial reporting entity. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief description of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

1. Extra Classroom Activity Funds

The extra classroom activity funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The extra classroom activity funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the extra classroom activity funds can be found at the District's business office. The District accounts for assets held as an agent for various student organizations in an agency fund.

B. Joint Venture

The District is a component district in the Wayne County Finger Lakes Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCE'S budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment, as defined in the New York State Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

C. Basis of Presentation

1. District-Wide Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities present information about the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients for goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expensed for those areas.

2. Fund Financial Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. The District reports the following funds.

a. Major Governmental

- i. General Fund This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund is always reported as a major fund.
- ii. School Lunch Fund This fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for transactions of the District's lunch, breakfast and milk programs.
- iii. Special Aid Fund This fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.
- iv. Capital Projects Fund This fund is used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities.
- v. Debt Service Fund This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations for governmental activities.
- b. Fiduciary Fund These funds are used to account for fiduciary activities. Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used.

- Private Purpose Trust Funds These funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefits annual third party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria governs the use of the funds and members of the District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.
- 2. Agency Funds These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

1. Accrual

The District-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied or earned. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

2. Modified Accrual

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 90 days after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

3. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

4. Cash and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. New York State law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities. Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Investments are stated at fair value.

5. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at net realizable value. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided due to the fact that management believes that such allowance would not be material.

6. Due To/From Other Governments

The District reports amounts due from other governments, which consisted of funds claimed but not received from various state, federal and other governmental agencies.

7. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of food in the school lunch fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis, or in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year-end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as assets on the statement of net position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

8. Due To/From Other Funds

The amounts reported on the statement of net position for due to and due from other funds represents amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for amounts due to and due from within the same fund type. A detailed description of the individual fund balances at year end is provided subsequently in these notes.

9. Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following useful lives:

	Capitalization <u>Threshold</u>	
Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment	\$ 5,000	20-40 Years
	\$ 5,000	5-20 Years

10. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits payable, and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due within one year or due within more than one year in the statement of net position.

11. Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions

The District complies with GASB Statement No. 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – Amendment to GASB Statement No. 27 and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. The primary objective of the Statements is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. The implementation of the Statements requires the District to report as an asset and/or liability for its portion of the collective pension asset and/or liability in the New York State Teachers' and Employees' Retirement Systems. The implementation of the Statements also requires the District to report a deferred outflow and/or inflow for the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset and/or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. Included as a deferred outflow is the District contributions to the pension systems subsequent to the measurement date. See note 8.

12. Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post Employment Benefits

The District complies with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75 - "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions". The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). See note 9.

13. Vested Employee Benefits

The District employees are provided benefits as follows:

- a. Vacation and Sick Leave The District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods. Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave. In the governmental fund financial statements only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the general fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you go basis.
- b. Compensated Absences Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the District-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year end. In the fund statements, only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the general fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you go basis.
- c. Retirement The District provides retirement benefits for substantially all its regular full-time teachers and employees, and its part-time teachers and employees who elect to participate, through contributions to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS), and New York State and Local Retirement System (ERS), respectively. The systems provide various plans and options, some of which require employee contributions. The retirement systems compute the cost of retirement benefits based on their respective fiscal years: TRS July 1st to June 30th, and ERS April 1st to March 31st.
- d. Post Employment Benefits In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides health insurance coverage and survivor. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure or operating transfer to other funds in the general fund, in the year paid. See Note 9 for additional information.

14. Budgetary Procedures and Budgetary Accounting

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the general fund. The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the general fund on May 21, 2019.

Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year. The special revenue funds have not been included in the budget and actual comparison because they do not have legally authorized (appropriated) budgets.

15. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section of deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense / expenditure) until then. The government has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide statement of net position. This represents the differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, the changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions and the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The second is the District contributions to the pension systems (TRS and ERS Systems) subsequent to the measurement date. The third represents the difference between actual and expected experience and changes of assumptions and other inputs related to the OPEB liability.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has four items that qualifies for reporting in the category. The first relates to cash received before the related revenue is earned and is reported as unearned revenue. The second item relates to state aid receivables whose timing of collection is uncertain. State aid has been withheld in the amount of 20% due to state budgetary reductions that have resulted from the COVID-10 virus. This item is deferred in the governmental funds and recognized as revenue in the district-wide statement of activities. The third item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide statement of net position. This represents the differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, the net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments, the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability (TRS and ERS System) and difference during the measurement periods between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The fourth item represents the difference between actual and expected experience and changes in assumptions and other inputs related to the OPEB liability.

16. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these notes.

17. Fund Balance and Net Position

In the district-wide financial statements there are five classification of net position:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Fund Balance amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.
- Committed Fund Balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision making authority. To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level of action to remove or change the constraint. For the purposes of the District, the highest level of decision making authority resides with the Board of Education. The District has no committed fund balance.
- Assigned Fund Balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent
 can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the Board of Education
 delegates the authority.
- Unassigned Fund Balance amounts that are available for any purpose.

For the classification of governmental fund balances, the District considers an expenditure to be made from the budgetary appropriations first when more than one classification is available. The District establishes and modifies fund balance commitments by a passage of a resolution in meetings of the Board of Education. Assigned fund balance is established by the District through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purposes (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service or for other purposes). The District's Purchasing Agent is responsible for all the purchasing activities of the District and encumbrances at year end, which are considered assigned funds and therefore, the purchasing agent is designated as having the authority to assign amounts intended to be used for specific purposes. The Board of Education approves the adoption and amendment of the budget and has the authority of final review of all assignments of fund balance. When resources are available from multiple classifications, the District spends funds in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, unassigned.

The District has implemented a policy in accordance with Real Property Tax Law §1318 which limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of next year's budgetary appropriations. Funds properly retained under other sections of law are excluded from the 4% limitation. Under GASB Statement No. 54 classifications, the 4% limitation is interpreted to be the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned classifications, minus the appropriated fund balance, amounts reserved for insurance recovery, amounts reserved for tax reduction and encumbrances included in committed and assigned fund balance. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District was not in compliance with this policy.

The following is a summary of the District's fund balance classifications and categories within those classifications. Restricted and assigned fund balance categories are available to the District. Any capital gains or interest earned on restricted or assigned fund resources becomes part of the respective restricted or assigned fund balance category. While a separate bank account is not necessary for each restricted or assigned fund, a separate identity for each reserve fund must be maintained.

A. Nonspendable

1. Reserve for Inventory - Reserve for Inventory is used to restrict that portion of fund balance, which is not available for appropriation. These reserves are accounted for in the school lunch fund. The balance at June 30, 2020 is \$18,605.

B. Restricted

- 1. Unemployment Insurance Reserve Unemployment Insurance Reserve (GML §6-m) is used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. This reserve is accounted for in the general fund. The balance at June 30, 2020 is \$40,324.
- 2. Retirement Contribution Reserve Retirement Contribution Reserve (GML §6-r) is used for the purpose of financing contributions to the New York State Teacher's Retirement System and Local Employee's Retirement System (ERS). The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds, and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the reserve must be provided to the Board. This reserve is accounted for in the general fund. The balance at June 30, 2020 is \$1,404,673.
 - a. Reserve for Teacher Retirement System TRS reserve is used for the purpose of financing retirement contributions to the New York State Teacher's Retirement System. In 2019, the General Municipal Law (GML §6-r) was amended to permit school districts to finance retirement contributions to the TRS. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds, and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the reserve must be provided to the Board. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund as a subfund of the reserve for retirement contribution. The balance at June 30, 2020 is \$238,823.
- **3. Property Loss Reserve and Liability Reserve** Property Loss Reserve and Liability Reserve (Education Law §1709(8)(c)) are used to pay for property loss and liability claims incurred. Separate funds for property loss and liability claims are required, and these reserves may not in total exceed 3% of the annual budget or \$15,000, whichever is greater. This type of reserve fund may be utilized only by school districts, except city school districts with a population greater than 125,000. These reserves are accounted for in the general fund. The balance at June 30, 2020 is \$107,030.
- **4.** Insurance Reserve Insurance Reserve is used to pay liability, casualty and other types of losses, except losses incurred for which the following types of insurance may be purchased: life, accident, health, annuities, fidelity and surety, credit, title residual value and mortgage guarantee. In addition, this reserve may not be used for any purpose for which a special reserve may be established pursuant to law (for example, for unemployment compensation insurance). The reserve may be established by Board action, and funded by budgetary appropriations, or such other funds as may be legally appropriated. There is no limit on the amount that may be accumulated in the Insurance Reserve; however, the annual contribution to this reserve may not exceed the greater of \$33,000 or 5% of the budget. Settled or compromised claims up to \$25,000 may be paid from the reserve without judicial approval. This reserve is accounted for in the general fund. The balance at June 30, 2020 is \$114,478.
- **5.** Tax Certiorari Reserve Tax Certiorari Reserve (Education Law §3651.1-a) is used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amount which might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceedings in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the general fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund. The balance at June 30, 2020 is \$193,821.

- **5. Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve** Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve (GML §6-p) is used to reserve funds for the payment of accrued employee benefit due to an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund. The balance at June 30, 2020 is \$1,160,767.
- **6. Debt Reserve** Mandatory Reserve for Debt Service (GML §6-I) is used to establish a reserve for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations which remain outstanding at the time of sale. The funding of the reserve is from the proceeds of the sale of District property or capital improvement. The reserve is accounted for in the debt service fund. The balance at June 30, 2020 is \$494,122.
- 7. Capital Reserve Capital Reserve (Education Law §3651) is used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve; the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditure may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for the required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. These reserves are accounted for in the general fund. The balance at June 30, 2020 in the capital acquisition of transportation vehicles is \$275,780 and in the capital 2018 is \$3,127,703.

C. Assigned

- 1. Reserve for Encumbrances Reserve for encumbrances represents the amount of outstanding encumbrances at the end of the fiscal year. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts or other commitments for the expenditures of monies are recorded for budgetary control purposes to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations, is employed in the general, District-wide capital improvement project and non-major funds. Encumbrances are reported as reservations of fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Expenditures for such commitments are recorded in the period in which the liability is incurred. The balance at June 30, 2020 is \$84,493.
- **2. Reserve for Capital -** Reserve for capital projects represents the remaining assigned portion of fund balance in the capital projects fund. The reserve is accounted for in the capital projects fund. The balance at June 30, 2020 is \$243,057.
- **3. Reserve for Subsequent Year -** Reserve for subsequent year represents the estimated fund balance that is appropriated into the adopted budget. The balance at June 30, 2020 is \$436,390.

E. Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1, and became a lien on August 21, 2019. Taxes are collected during the period September 1 through October 31, 2019. Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the Counties of Livingston, Ontario, Steuben and Yates. The Counties pay an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the Counties for enforcement to the District no later than the following April 1st.

Note 2. Cash and Investments

The District's investment policies are governed by State statutes. In addition, the District has its own written investment policy. The District monies must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The District Treasurer is authorized to use demand accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by federal deposit insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and school districts. Deposits and investments at year-end were entirely covered by Federal Deposit Insurance or by collateral held by the District's custodial bank in the District's name. These deposits consisted of:

	Carrying <u>Amount</u>	Bank <u>Balance</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u>10,175,779</u>	\$ <u>10,465,476</u>
Collateralized amounts Covered by FDIC insurance Total deposits		\$ 10,215,476 250,000 \$ 10,465,476

Note 3. Participation in BOCES

During the year, the District was billed \$2,279,625 for BOCES administrative and program costs. The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$535,712. Financial statements for the Ontario, Seneca, Yates, Cayuga and Wayne County Finger Lakes BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office at 131 Drumlin Court, Newark, New York 14513-1863.

Note 4. Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 were as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets Not Depreciated				
Land	\$ 17,341	\$ 58,301	\$ -	\$ 75,642
Construction in progress	6,332,661	3,770,349	(10,103,010)	-
Total capital assets not depreciated	6,350,002	3,828,650	(10,103,010)	75,642
Capital Assets Depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	35,852,078	10,044,709	(118,589)	45,778,198
Furniture and equipment	2,890,669	306,012	(260,998)	2,935,683
Total capital assets depreciated	38,742,747	10,350,721	(379,587)	48,713,881
Less, Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	10,751,407	988,947	(94,012)	11,646,342
Furniture and equipment	1,615,817	278,072	(228,559)	1,665,330
Total accumulated depreciation	12,367,224	1,267,019	(322,571)	13,311,672
Total capital assets depreciated - net	<u>26,375,523</u>	9,083,702	<u>(57,016</u>)	35,402,209
Governmental Activities Capital Assets - Net	\$32,725,525	\$ 12,912,352	\$(10,160,026)	\$ 35,477,851

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental	Activities
--------------	-------------------

General government support	\$	7,269
Instruction		1,002,096
Pupil transportation		254,812
School lunch	_	2,842
Total depreciation expense	\$_	1,267,019

Note 5. Indebtedness

A. Long-Term Debt

Serial Bonds/Statutory Installment Bonds

The District borrows money in order to acquire land, high cost equipment, construct buildings and perform improvements. This enables the cost of these capital assets to be borne by the present and future taxpayers receiving the benefit of the capital assets. These long-term liabilities, which are full faith and credit debt of the District, are recorded in the District-wide financial statements (statement of net position).

The District had the following serial bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2020:

		Interest	Beginning			Ending
<u>Purpose</u>	Due Date	<u>Rate</u>	Balance	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Balance
Serial Bonds, Series 2009	06/2024	2.50-4.00%	\$ 2,235,000	\$ -	\$ 445,000	\$ 1,790,000
Serial Bonds, Series 2013	06/2029	2.00-3.50%	3,370,000	-	310,000	3,060,000
Serial Bonds, Series 2014	06/2029	2.00-3.00%	11,045,000	-	980,000	10,065,000
Statutory Installment Bonds, 2015	06/2020	1.20-2.00%	60,000	-	60,000	-
Statutory Installment Bonds, 2016	06/2021	1.75-1.88%	110,000	-	55,000	55,000
Serial Bonds, Series 2020	06/2050	3.05%	-	4,820,000	-	4,820,000
Plus, premiums on serial bond			<u>39,933</u>	474,737	7,065	507,605
Total bonds			\$ <u>16,859,933</u>	\$ <u>5,294,737</u>	\$ <u>1,857,065</u>	\$ <u>20,297,605</u>

The original issue premiums on bonds have been deferred and recorded as a liability on the district-wide financial statements. The premiums are being amortized using the straight-line method over the remaining time to maturity of the bonds. The current year amortization is recorded as a reduction to interest expense on the statement of activities.

Upon default of the payment of principal or interest on the serial bonds of the District, the bondholders have the right to litigate and the New York State Comptroller is required under the conditions and to the extent prescribed by Section 99-b of the New York State Finance Law, to withhold state aid and assistance to the District, and to apply the amount so withheld to the payment of defaulted principal and interest with respect to the serial bonds. The above serial bonds are direct obligations of the District for which its full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable real property within the District.

Interest Expense

Interest on long-term debt for the year amounted to:

Interest paid	\$	500,706
Less: interest accrued in the prior year		(20,577)
Less: amortization of premium on serial bond		(7,065)
Add: interest accrued in the current year	_	26,618
Total interest expense	\$_	499,682

B. Changes in Long-Term Obligations

The changes in the District's long-term obligations during the year ended June 30, 2020 are summarized as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Amounts Due Within One Year
Bonds payable	\$ 16,859,933	\$ 5,294,737	\$ 1,857,065	\$ 20,297,605	\$ 1,970,000
Compensated absences	3,143,747	170,266	-	3,314,013	50,349
Total OPEB liability	24,413,520	6,462,668	-	30,876,188	-
Flex medical reimbursement					
liability	407,420	-	13,906	393,514	92,494
Net pension liability - ERS	387,030	<u>1,133,056</u>		1,520,086	
Total	\$ <u>45,211,650</u>	\$ <u>13,060,727</u>	\$ <u>1,870,971</u>	\$ <u>56,401,406</u>	\$ 2,112,843

C. Maturity

The following is the amortization schedule for the long-term liability resulting from bonds:

		<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Balance</u>
2021	\$	1,970,000	\$	705.605	\$	17,820,000
2022	•	2,045,000	•	588,201	•	15,775,000
2023		2,105,000		524,388		13,670,000
2024		2,020,000		457,413		11,650,000
2025		1,645,000		392,938		10,005,000
2026 - 2030		6,845,000		1,150,138		3,160,000
2031 - 2035		815,000		505,500		2,345,000
2036 - 2040		890,000		307,200		1,455,000
2041 - 2045		735,000		174,000		720,000
2046 - 2050	_	720,000	_	65,250	_	
Total	\$_	19,790,000	\$_	4,870,633		

Note 6. Interfund Balances and Activity

Interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

•	lı <u>Re</u>	Interfund <u>Payable</u>		
General fund	\$	862,466	\$	249,521
School lunch fund		18,404		121,840
Special aid fund		134,435		551,658
Capital projects fund		-		49,322
Debt service fund		5,971	_	
Subtotal		1,021,276		972,341
Agency funds		24,601		73,536
Total	\$	1,045,877	\$_	1,045,877

Interfund receivables and payables, other than between governmental activities and fiduciary activities are eliminated on the statement of net position. Intergovernmental receivables between governmental and fiduciary activities are listed as due from external parties.

The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues.

All interfund payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

Note 7. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ending June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

General fund	Tr	T	Transfers <u>Out</u>		
	\$	150,000	\$	164,477	
School lunch fund		28,757		· -	
Special aid fund		21,092		_	
Capital projects fund		519,628		-	
Debt service fund				555,000	
Total	\$	719,477	\$_	719,477	

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) move residual cash from closed projects to debt service to be used for debt payments at a later date.

Note 8. Pension Plans

A. General Information

The District participates in the New York State Employees' Retirement System (NYSERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (NYSTRS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

B. Plan Descriptions

Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)

NYSTRS provides retirement, disability, withdrawal and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the Retirement and Social Security Law of the State of New York. NYSTRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. The report may be obtained by writing to NYSTRS, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York 12211-2395.

Employees' Retirement System (ERS)

NYSERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. New York State Retirement and Social Security Law governs obligations of employers and employees to contribute, and benefits to employees. NYSERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to NYSERS, Office of the State Comptroller, 110 State Street, Albany, New York, 12244.

C. Funding Policies

The Systems are noncontributory for the employee who joined prior to July 27, 1976. For employees who joined the Systems after July 27, 1976, and prior to January 1, 2010, employees contribute 3% to 3.5% of their salary. With the exception of ERS tier V and VI employees, employees in the system more than ten years are no longer required to contribute. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For NYSERS, the Comptroller certifies the rates expressed as proportions of members' payroll annually, which are used in computing the contributions required to be made by employers to the pension accumulation fund. Pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law, the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board establishes rates annually for NYSTRS.

The District contributions made to the Systems were equal to 100% of the contributions required for each year. The required contributions for the current year and two preceding years were:

2020	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>	<u>Total</u>		
	\$ 241,857	\$ 539,182	\$ 781,039		
2019	\$ 240,421	\$ 630,646	\$ 871,067		
2018	\$ 263,841	\$ 559,770	\$ 823,611		

The total unpaid liability for NYSERS and NYSTRS was \$629,054.

Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)

The District recognized its proportion of the TRS net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense as of June 30, 2020. The TRS total pension asset was determined by actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2018 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019. The proportion allocation method utilized by TRS was the percentage of each employers fiscal year 2019 contribution to the total contributions to the plan.

The District's proportionate share of the pension asset of the TRS Plan represents 0.035576% of the total net pension asset, which was a increase of 0.000509 from its proportion as of June 30, 2019. The District has recorded a net pension asset of \$924,278 as of June 30, 2020. The District has recorded its proportionate share of pension plan expense of \$1,153,130 as of June 30, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the TRS valuation were as follows:

Rate of return on investments	7.10% compounded annually, net of pension			
	investment expense, including inflation			
Salary increases	Rates of increase differ based on age and gender and			
·	are projected between 1.90% - 4.72%			
Inflation	2.20%			
Decrement tables	Society of Actuaries Scale MP 2018			
	July 1, 2009 - June 30, 2014			
	System's Experience			

Expected rate of return on investments

The long-term expected rate of return on the TRS investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the plan's target asset allocation as of the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation are summarized in the following table:

	Long Term Expected Real	
Asset Type	Rate*	Target Allocation
Domestic equity	6.3 %	33.0 %
International equity	7.8	16.0
Real estate equity	4.6	11.0
Global equity	7.2	4.0
Private equity	9.9	8.0
Domestic fixed income	1.3	16.0
Global bonds	0.9	2.0
High-yield bonds	3.6	1.0
Real estate debt	2.9	7.0
Private debt	6.5	1.0
Cash equivalents	0.3	1.0
•		100.0 %

^{*} Real rates of return are net of a long-term inflation assumption of 2.2%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the TRS total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current and non-active plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset of the TRS plan, calculated as of the measurement date of June 30, 2019 using the discount rate of 7.10%, per annum (the "current rate"). The table shows what the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (6.10%), or 1% point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

Nortes Cantal Calcal Bistista and discrete above of	1% Decrease <u>(6.10%)</u>		Current Discount <u>(7.10%)</u>		1% Increase (8.10%)	
Naples Central School District's proportionate share of the TRS net pension asset (liability)	\$	(4,172,094)	\$	924,278	\$	5,199,559

At June 30, 2020 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the TRS pension from the following sources:

	TRS		
	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred	
	Outflows of	Inflows of	
	<u>Resources</u>	<u>Resources</u>	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 626,360	\$ 68,731	
Changes in assumptions	1,746,085	425,745	
Net difference between projected and actual	. ,	•	
investment earnings on pension plan investments	-	741,223	
Changes in proportion and differences between			
employer contributions and proportionate share of			
contributions	114,985	72,022	
Employer contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	539,182		
Total	\$ 3,026,612	\$ 1,307,721	

For the fiscal year ended:

The components of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, other than the difference between the projected and actual earnings on plan investments, are amortized into pension expense over a 5 year closed period, which reflects the weighted average remaining service life of all plan members, beginning the year in which the deferred amount occurs. The annual difference of the projected and actual earnings on plan investments is amortized over a five-year closed period beginning the year in which the difference occurs. The cumulative amounts of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources reported will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	<u>TRS</u>
2020	\$ 428,258
2021	36,634
2022	426,742
2023	279,995

 2022
 426,742

 2023
 279,995

 2024
 42,636

 Thereafter
 (34,556)

 Total
 \$ 1,179,709

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current year net pension asset of the employers as of June 30, 2019 were as follows:

	<u>TRS</u>
Valuation date	6/30/2019
Employers' total pension liability	\$ 119,879,473,882
Plan net position	(122,477,480,654)
Employers' net pension asset (liability)	\$ 2,598,006,772
Ratio of plan net position to the employers' total pension asset	102.20 %

Employees' Retirement System (ERS)

The District recognized its proportion of the ERS net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and pension expense as of June 30, 2020. The ERS total pension liability was determined by actuarial valuations as of April 1, 2019 and rolled forward to the measurement date of March 31, 2020. The proportion allocation method utilized by ERS was the percentage of each employers fiscal year 2019 contribution to the total contributions to the plan.

The District's proportionate share of the pension liability of the ERS Plan represents 0.0057404% of the total net pension liability, which was a increase of 0.000278 from its proportion as of June 30, 2019. The District has recorded a net pension liability of \$1,520,086 as of June 30, 2020. The District has recorded its proportionate share of pension plan expenses of \$553,499 as of June 30, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2019 ERS valuation were as follows:

Rate of return on investments 6.8% compounded annually, net of investment expenses

Salary scale 4.2% average

Inflation 2.5%

Decrement table Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2018

April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015, System's Experience

Expected rate of return on investments

The long-term expected rate of return on the ERS investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Plan's target asset allocation as of the April 1, 2019 actuarial valuation are summarized in the following table:

	Long reim	
	Expected Real	Target
Asset Type	Rate*	<u>Allocation</u>
Domestic equity	4.1 %	36.0 %
International equity	6.2	14.0
Private equity	6.8	10.0
Real estate	5.0	10.0
Absolute return strategies (1)	3.3	2.0
Opportunistic portfolio	4.7	3.0
Real assets	6.0	3.0
Bonds and mortgages	8.0	17.0
Cash	-	1.0
Inflation-indexed bonds	0.5	4.0
	•	100.0 %

^{*} The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.50%.

(1) Excludes equity-oriented and long-only funds. For investment management purposes, these funds are included in domestic equity and international equity

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the ERS total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 was 6.8%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be

available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the ERS plan, calculated as of the measurement date of March 31, 2020 using the discount rate of 6.8% per annum (the "current rate"). The table shows what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (5.8%), or 1% point higher (7.8%) than the current rate.

	Current					
	1	% Decrease (5.8%)		Discount <u>(6.8%)</u>	19	% Increase (7.8%)
Naples Central School District's proportionate share of						
the ERS net pension asset (liability)	\$	(2,789,788)	\$	(1,520,086)	\$	350,686

At June 30, 2020 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the ERS pension from the following sources:

	ERS			
	Οι	Deferred of the sources	In	Deferred of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	89,463	\$	-
Changes in assumptions		30,607		26,429
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of		779,270		-
contributions		86,326		12,706
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total	\$ <u></u>	56,926 1,042,592	\$_	<u>-</u> 39,135

The components of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, other than the difference between the projected and actual earnings on plan investments, are amortized into pension expense over a 5 year closed period, which reflects the weighted average remaining service life of all plan members, beginning the year in which the deferred amount occurs. The annual difference between the projected and actual earnings on plan investments is amortized over a five-year closed period beginning the year in which the difference occurs. The cumulative amounts of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources reported will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For the fiscal year ended:		
•		<u>ERS</u>
2021	\$	178,891
2022		243,383
2023		290,398
2024		233,859
2025		-
Thereafter		
Total	\$	946,531
	 -	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current year net pension liability of the employers as of March 31, 2020 were as follows:

		<u>ERS</u>
Valuation date		4/1/2019
Employers' total pension liability	\$	194,596,261,000
Plan net position		(168, 115, 682, 000)
Employers' net pension liability	\$_	26,480,579,000
Ratio of plan net position to the employers' total pension liability		86.39 %

Note 9. Post Employment Healthcare Plan

Plan Description and Benefits - The District administers a Post-retirement Healthcare Benefits Program (the "Plan") as a single-employer defined benefit plan. The District provides medical and dental benefits to retired employees and their eligible dependents. The benefits provided to employees upon retirement are based on provisions in various contracts that the District has in place with different classifications of employees.

The District acquires health insurance through a consortium known as the Finger Lakes Area School Health Plan (FLASHP). Benefits provided by FLASHP are administered by Excellus BlueCross BlueShield and MVP. The FLASHP plan covers medical, dental, and pharmaceutical costs. Health Economies covers dental costs for eligible bargaining units. Specifics and limitations of the coverage offered to retirees is contained in the plan document. Many of the services in the FLASHP plan require co-payments at various levels depending on the nature of the service.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms -

Participant Data	
Active	171
Retirees	93
Beneficiaries	7
Spouses of Retirees	16
Total	287

Total OPEB Liability - The District's total OPEB liability of \$30,876,188 was measured as of June 30, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - The method used to calculate the costs of the Plan is known as the Entry Age Normal, Level Percent of Salary. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount rate	2.21%
Salary increases including inflation	2.60%
Healthcare cost trend rate	6.10% - 4.10% over 57 years

The discount rate was based on the bond buyer general obligation 20-bond municipal index.

Mortality rates were based on the SOA RP-2014 adjusted to 2006 total dataset mortality table projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2018.

The following table shows the changes to the total OPEB liability:

Total OPEB liability as of July 1, 2019	\$ 24,413,520
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	1,219,225
Interest on total OPEB liability	885,723
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	5,016,111
Benefit payments	<u>(658,391)</u>
Net changes	<u>6,462,668</u>
Total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020	\$ <u>30,876,188</u>

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the District's OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.21% per annum (the "current rate"), as well as what the District's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (1.21%) or 1% point higher (3.21%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Assumption	1% Increase
	<u>(1.21%)</u>	(2.21%)	<u>(3.21%)</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 36.562.671	\$ 30.876.188	\$ 26.337.804

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the District's OPEB liability calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the District's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1% point lower or 1% point higher than the current rate:

Current

		Current			
	1% Decrease	<u>Assumption</u>	1% Increase		
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 25,125,692	\$ 30,876,188	\$ 38,470,148		

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$2,502,959. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deterred Outflows of	Deterred Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$ 35,719	\$ 661,199
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	<u>4,319,429</u>	<u>1,113,370</u>
Total	\$ <u>4,355,148</u>	\$ <u>1,774,569</u>

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

For the fiscal year ended:	
2021	\$ 398,011
2022	398,011
2023	398,011
2024	398,011
2025	397,285
Thereafter	<u>591,250</u>
Total	\$ 2,580,579

Note 10. Risk Management

A. General Information

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage, injuries, errors and omissions, natural disasters, and other risks. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

B. Workers' Compensation

The District incurs costs related to the Wayne-Finger Lakes Area School Workers' Compensation Plan (Plan) sponsored by the Board of Cooperative Educational Services, of Ontario, Seneca, Yates, Cayuga and Wayne Counties and its component districts. The Plan's objectives are to furnish workers' compensation benefits to participating districts at a significant cost savings. Membership in the Plan may be offered to any component district of the Ontario, Seneca, Yates, Cayuga and Wayne Counties BOCES with the approval of the Board of Directors. Voluntary withdrawal from the Plan may be effective only once annually on the last day of the Plan year as may be established by the Board of Directors. Notice of the Intention to withdraw must be given in writing to the Chairman of the Board of Directors and the Treasurer not less than one year prior to the end of the Plan year.

Plan membership is currently comprised of thirteen districts. If a surplus of participants' assessments exist after the close of a Plan year, the Board may retain from such surplus an amount sufficient to establish and maintain a claim contingency fund. Surplus funds in excess of the amount transferred to or included in such contingency fund shall be applied in reduction of the next annual assessment or to the billing of Plan participants. All monies paid to the Treasurer by participants shall be commingled and administered as a common fund. No refunds shall be made to a participant and no assessments shall be charged to a participant other than the annual assessment. However, if it appears to the Board of Directors that the liabilities of the Plan will exceed its cash assets, after taking into account any "excess insurance", the Board shall determine the amount needed to meet such deficiency and shall assess such amounts against all participants pro-rata per enrollee.

The Plan purchases, on an annual basis, stop-loss insurance to limit its exposure for claims paid. The Plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claims costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and claims that have been incurred but not reported. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expenses in the periods in which they are made. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the Naples Central School District incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling \$53,472.

The Plan is audited on an annual basis and the Plan's financial statements are available at the BOCES administrative offices.

C. Unemployment

District employees are entitled to coverage under the New York State Unemployment Insurance Law. The District has elected to discharge its liability to the New York State Unemployment Insurance Fund (the Fund) by the benefit reimbursement method, a dollar-for-dollar reimbursement to the Fund for benefits paid from the Fund to former employees. The District has established a self insurance fund to pay these claims. There were no claims and judgment expenditures of this program for the 2019-2020 fiscal year. The balance of the fund at June 30, 2020 was \$40,324 and is recorded in the general fund as an unemployment insurance reserve. In addition, as of June 30, 2020, no loss contingencies existed or were considered probable or estimable for incurred but not reported claims payable.

Note 11. Federal and State Funded Programs

The District participates in a number of Federal and New York State grant and assistance programs. These programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Note 12. Tax Abatements

As of June 30, 2020, tax abatement programs include abatements on property taxes. All property tax abatements are performed through Payment In Lieu of Tax (PILOT) agreements made by various Towns. The PILOT agreements are made to support electric, manufacturing, and recreation. Total taxes abated by the towns in each of these categories for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Electric	\$ 119,877
Manufacturing	\$ 10,822
Recreation	\$ 801

Note 13. Future Implementations of GASB Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued the following pronouncements which will be implemented in the years required. The effects of the implementation of these pronouncements are not known at this time.

GASB has issued Statement No. 84 - Fiduciary Activities. Effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019.

GASB has issued Statement No. 87 - Leases. Effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021.

Statement No. 89 - Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period. Effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020.

Statement No. 90 - Majority Equity Interests - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61. Effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019.

Statement No. 91 - Conduit Debt Obligations. Effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021.

Statement No. 92 - Omnibus 2020. Effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021.

Statement No. 93 - Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates. Effective for fiscal years beginning June 15, 2021.

Statement No. 94 - *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. Effective for fiscal years beginning June 15, 2022.

Statement No. 96 - Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. Effective for fiscal years beginning June 1, 2022.

Statement No. 97 - Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans. Effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021.

Note 14. Deferred State Aid

On August 13, 2020, Division of the Budget (DOB) issued the State FY 2021 First Quarterly State Budget Financial Plan Update which notes that DOB began withholding 20% of most local aid payments in June 2020, and that all or a portion of these withholds may be converted to permanent reductions, depending on the size and timing of new Federal aid, if any.

In July 2020, DOB began approving General Support for Public Schools (GSPS) payments to school districts (including 3609-a General Aid, 3609-b Excess Cost Aid, and 3609-d BOCES Aid payments) at 80% of the otherwise scheduled amounts.

DOB's Updated Financial Plan includes \$8.2 billion in recurring local aid reductions, and states that the earliest DOB expects to transmit a detailed aid-to-localities reduction plan to the Legislature is late in the second quarter of the State's FY 2021, and that, in the absence of unrestricted Federal aid, DOB will continue to withhold a range of payments through the second quarter of the State's FY 2021.

As a result, 20% of state aid receivable at June 30, 2020 for remaining payments to be received for the year then ended have been deferred in the balance sheet – governmental funds and the statement of revenue, expenditures and changed in fund balances – governmental funds, amounting to \$95,523. This amount has been included in revenue in the statement of activities – governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2020. At such time as these reductions may be determined to be permanent, they will be reversed.

Note 15. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the report, which is the date these financial statements were available to be issued.

The United States is presently in the midst of a national health emergency related to the COVID-19 virus. The overall consequences of the COVID-19 on a national, regional and local level are unknown, but has the potential to result in a significant economic impact. The impact of this situation on the District and its future results and financial position is not presently determinable.

NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Revenues	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Real property tax	\$ 10,810,060	\$ 10,810,060	\$ 10,806,639	\$ (3,421)
Real property tax items	1,025,668	1,025,668	1,034,025	8,357
Intergovernmental charges	25,342	25,342	28,300	2,958
Use of money and property	21,000	21,000	8,177	(12,823)
Sale of property and compensation for gain	•	-	11,719	11,719
Miscellaneous local sources	34,500	34,500	179,301	144,801
State sources	8,073,197	8,073,197	8,032,821	(40,376)
Medical reimbursements	70,000	70,000	49,596	(20,404)
Total revenues	20,059,767	20,059,767	20,150,578	90,811
Other Financing Sources				
Interfund transfers	<u> 150,000</u>	<u> 150,000</u>	<u> 150,000</u>	
Total revenues and other financing sources	20,209,767	20,209,767	20,300,578	90,811
Expenditures				
General support	2,315,021	2,575,959	2,430,136	145,823
Instruction	9,316,629	9,546,004	8,799,341	746,663
Pupil transportation	1,079,358	1,133,072	976,691	156,381
Community services	2,900	2,900	1,636	1,264
Employee benefits	5,484,152	5,262,178	4,141,884	1,120,294
Debt principal	1,850,000	1,850,000	1,850,000	-
Debt interest	500,707	500,707	<u>500,706</u>	1
Total expenditures	20,548,767	20,870,820	18,700,394	2,170,426
Other Financing Uses				
Interfund transfers	<u>151,000</u>	400,899	164,477	236,422
Total expenditures and other financing uses	20,699,767	21,271,719	18,864,871	2,406,848
Change in Fund Balance	\$ <u>(490,000</u>)	\$ <u>(1,061,952</u>)	1,435,707	\$ <u>2,497,659</u>
Fund Balances - Beginning			7,325,929	
Fund Balances - Ending			\$ <u>8,761,636</u>	

NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Total OPEB Liability									
		2020		<u> 2019</u>		<u> 2018</u>			
Service cost	\$	1,219,225	\$	1,342,470	\$	1,062,468			
Interest on total OPEB liability		885,723		790,545		745,989			
Effect of plan changes		-		-		-			
Effect of demographic gains or losses		-		(889,199)		57,586			
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		5,016,111		(1,497,290)		-			
Benefit payments	_	<u>(658,391</u>)	_	(679,078)	_	(642,884)			
Net changes in total OPEB liability		6,462,668		(932,552)		1,223,159			
Total OPEB liability - beginning	_	24,413,520	_	25,346,072	_	24,122,913			
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$_	30,876,188	\$	24,413,520	\$_	25,346,072			
Covered payroll	\$	7,251,885	\$	7,251,885	\$	6,023,825			
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		425.77 %	·	336.65 %	•	420.76 %			

NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability) - TRS For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u> 2014</u>
The District's proportion of the net pension asset (liability)	0.035576 %	0.035067 %	0.036629 %	0.035643 %	0.036590 %	0.036975 %	0.036975 %
The District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ 924,278	\$ 634,094	\$ 278,414	\$ (381,753)	\$ 3,800,575	\$ 4,118,819	\$ 4,118,819
The District's covered payroll The District's proportionate share of the	\$ 6,085,576	\$ 5,938,284	\$ 5,722,815	\$ 5,910,953	\$ 5,669,592	\$ 5,461,828	\$ 5,479,890
net pension asset (liability) as a percentage of covered payroll	15.19 %	10.68 %	4.86 %	(6.46)%	67.03 %	75.41 %	75.16 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset	102.20 %	101.53 %	100.66 %	99.01 %	110.46 %	114.48 %	100.70 %

Note: Information prior to the dates indicated reported in this schedule are unavailable.

NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - ERS For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u> 2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
The District's proportion of the net							
pension liability	0.0057404 %	0.0054624 %	0.0057886 %	0.005286 %	0.005574 %	0.005574 %	0.005574 %
The District's proportionate share of the							
net pension liability	\$ 1,520,086	\$ 387,030	\$ 186,823	\$ 473,158	\$ 848,373	\$ 188,318	\$ 251,901
The District's covered payroll	\$ 1,785,181	\$ 1,703,610	\$ 1,819,586	\$ 1,641,273	\$ 1,545,152	\$ 1,648,596	\$ 1,585,216
The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage							
of covered payroll	85.15 %	22.72 %	10.27 %	28.83 %	54.91 %	11.42 %	15.89 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension							
liability	86.39 %	96.27 %	98.24 %	94.70 %	90.70 %	97.90 %	97.20 %

Note: Information prior to the dates indicated reported in this schedule are unavailable.

NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT **Schedule of Employers Contributions for TRS** For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

Contractually required		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		2018		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>		<u>2011</u>
contribution Contribution in relation to the contractually required	\$	539,182	\$	630,646	\$	559,770	\$	680,279	\$	729,313	\$	887,547	\$	648,819	\$	648,525	\$	500,509	\$	426,691
contribution Contribution	_	<u>539,182</u>	_	630,646	_	559,770	-	680,279	_	729,313	_	887,547	-	648,819	_	648,525	_	500,509	_	<u>426,691</u>
deficiency (excess) Covered payroll Contribution as a	\$ <u> </u>	- 085,576	\$_ \$ <u>5</u>	<u>-</u> 5,938,284	\$_ \$ <u>5</u>	- 5,722,815	\$_ \$ <u>\$</u>	5,910,953	\$_ \$ <u>5</u>	5,669,592	\$_ \$ <u>5</u>	5,461,828	\$_ \$ <u>5</u>	- 5,479,890	\$ <u> </u>	.837,309	\$ <u> </u>	<u>-</u> 5,806,369	\$_ \$ <u>6</u>	- ,893,231
percentage of covered payroll		8.86 %		10.62 %		9.78 %		11.51 %		12.86 %		16.25 %		11.84 %		11.11 %		8.62 %		6.19 %

NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Employers Contributions for ERS For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

Contractually required	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	2017	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	2013	2012	<u>2011</u>
contribution Contribution in relation to the contractually required	\$ 241,857	\$ 240,421	\$ 263,841	\$ 246,633	\$ 262,229	\$ 299,580	\$ 289,489	\$ 320,619	\$ 252,754	\$ 181,042
contribution Contribution	241,857	240,421	<u>263,841</u>	246,633	<u>262,229</u>	<u>299,580</u>	<u>289,489</u>	320,619	<u>252,754</u>	181,042
deficiency (excess) Covered payroll Contribution as a	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>-</u> \$ <u>1,819,586</u>	\$ <u>-</u> \$ <u>1,641,273</u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>-</u> \$ <u>1,585,216</u>	\$ <u>-</u> \$ <u>1,678,850</u>	\$ <u>-</u> \$ <u>1,590,869</u>	\$ <u>-</u> \$ <u>1,631,774</u>
percentage of covered payroll	13.55 %	14.11 %	14.50 %	15.03 %	16.97 %	18.17 %	18.26 %	19.10 %	15.89 %	11.09 %

NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2020

Note 1. Budgetary Comparison Schedule and Budgetary Basis Reporting

An operating budget for the general fund is adopted prior to the beginning of each year on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The general fund is the only fund for which a budget is legally required by New York State Municipal Law and it must be approved by the Board of Education and the voters of the District. Budget amendments require approval by the Board of Education. The budgetary comparison schedule has been prepared on the legal level of budgetary control. Therefore, the District's budgetary comparison schedule presents expenditures by department, with separate identification of personnel object codes, where applicable. The District prepares and reports its budgetary information in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Note 2. Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information for the other postemployment benefit obligation, latest actuarial valuation and actuarial assumptions and methods can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

The Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Note 3. Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/Liability and Schedule of Employer's Contributions

The information presented in these required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the audit of the New York State Employees' Retirement System Plan (NYSERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (NYSTRS). Additional information for the pension schedules can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

The Schedules of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability) are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Changes from Original Budget to Final Budget General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Original budget	\$ 20,699,767	
Add: Prior year's encumbrances	322,053	
Less: Budget revisions	<u>249,899</u>	
-		
Final budget	\$ <u>21,271,719</u>	

NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Real Property Tax Limit General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION

2020-21 voter-approved expenditure budget			æ	21,213,960
2020-21 Voter-approved experiorale budget			Ψ	21,213,900
Maximum allowed 4% of 2020-21's budget			\$	848,558
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law*:				
Unrestricted fund balance: Committed fund balance Assigned fund balance Unassigned fund balance Total unrestricted fund balance	\$ \$_	520,883 1,577,354 2,098,237		
Less: Appropriated fund balance Encumbrances included in assigned fund balance Total adjustments	\$ \$_	436,390 84,493 520,883		
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law			\$.	1,577,354
Actual percentage				7.44 %

*Per Office of the State Comptroller's "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", Updated April 2011 (Originally Issued November 2010), the portion of General Fund fund balance subject to Section 1318 of the Real Property Tax Law is: unrestricted fund balance (i.e., the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned classifications), minus appropriated fund balance, amounts reserved for insurance recovery, amounts reserved for tax reduction, and encumbrances included in committed and assigned fund balance.

NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Project Expenditures Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Expenditures									ļ									
PROJECT TITLE		Original <u>Budget</u>		Amended <u>Budget</u>		Prior Years		Current <u>Year</u>		<u>Total</u>		Unexpended <u>Balance</u>		<u>Obligations</u>		State Aid	Interfund <u>Transfers</u>	<u>Total</u>	Fund Balance	
2019-2020 Buses 2017 Capital Project Smart School Bond Project Total	\$	114,628 7,725,000 378,100 8,217,728	\$	10,075,000 378,100 10,453,100	\$	5,981,517 351,145 6,332,662	\$	114,628 3,850,426 (80,076) 3,884,978	\$	114,628 9,831,943 <u>271,069</u> 10,217,640	\$	(114,628) 243,057 107,031 235,460	\$	4,820,000	\$	271,069 271,069	\$ 114,628 5,255,000 - \$ 5,369,628	\$ 114,628 10,075,000 271,069 \$ 10,460,697	\$	243,057

NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Net Investment in Capital Assets June 30, 2020

Capital Assets - Net	\$ <u>35,477,851</u>				
Deduct Short-term portion of bonds payable Long-term portion of bonds payable Subtotal	1,970,000 18,327,605 20,297,605				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ <u>15,180,246</u>				



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education Naples Central School District Naples, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Naples Central School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Naples Central School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 7, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Naples Central School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Naples Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Naples Central School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weakness may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Naples Central School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2020-001.

The District's Response to Finding

The District's response to the finding identified in the audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

EFPR Group, CPAS, PLLC

EFPR Group, CPAs, PLLC Rochester, New York October 7, 2020

NAPLES CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Summary of Findings and Responses For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

Reference: 2020-001

Requirement

NYS Real Property Tax Law § 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a District can retain to no more than 4% of the District's budget of the General Fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the General Fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts assigned for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

Finding

The District's unassigned fund balance at June 30, 2020, after excluding amounts assigned for the subsequent year end encumbrances, was in excess of the New York State Real Property Tax Law §1318 limit. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the District's unassigned fund balance is \$1,577,354 which is 7.44% of the 2020-2021 voter approved General Fund budget.

District's Response

Due to the COVID crisis and messaging from the state office of budget that state aid could be cut up to 20%, the Board determined to lessen the contribution to reserves as delineated in the District reserve plan with the goal of keeping additional funds liquid to offset these potential aid reductions. District management is concerned that over the course of 2020-2021, there will be a significant spike in additional expenses to prevent and address COVID related concerns. By July 2020, the District had already tracked in excess of \$70,000 in unplanned expenses tied to reopening school. Further potential costs include adjustments to staffing, transportation, cleaning processes, legal charges, and potential substitute teacher costs.